

# HYVOLUTION – Biological Production of Hydrogen from Biomasses: Process Balances and Process Integration

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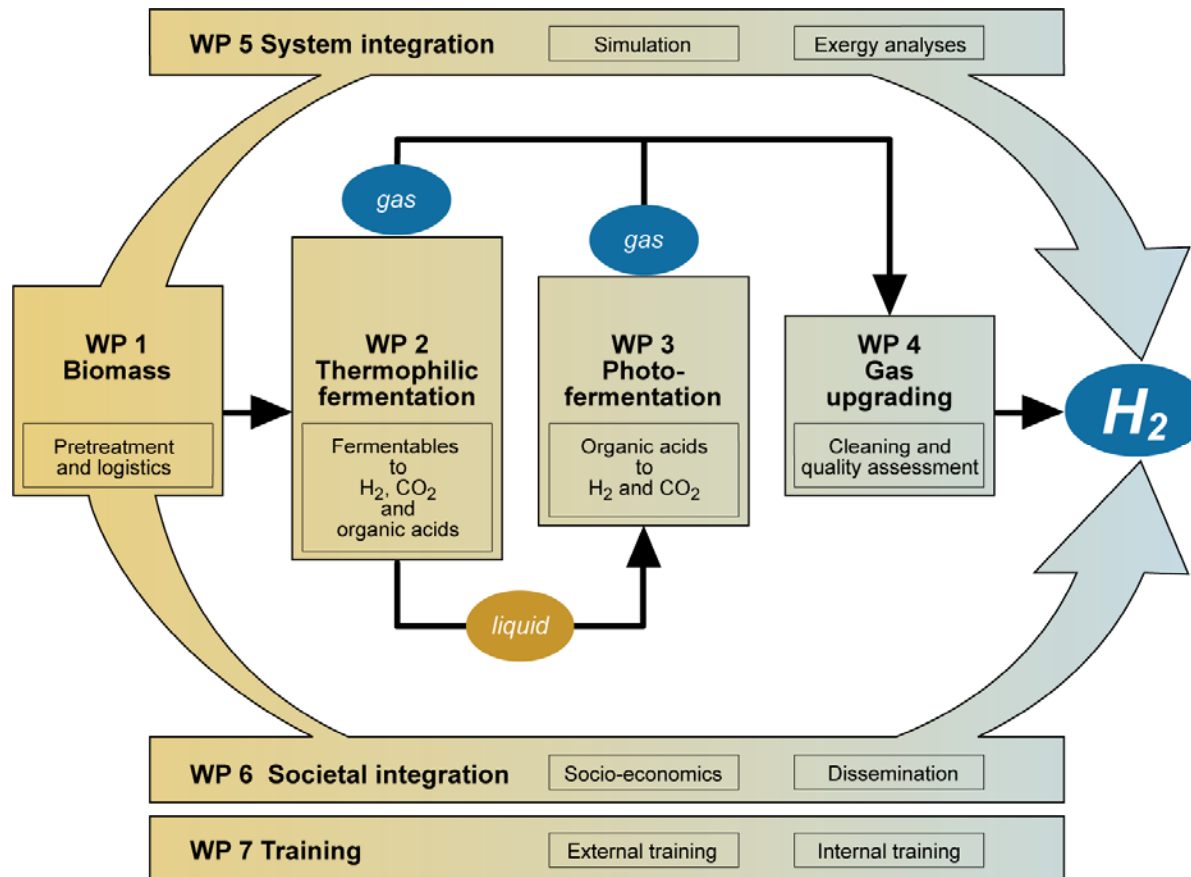
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Highlights der Bioenergieforschung  
March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2011, Wieselburg, Austria



# Project Structure



## HYVOLUTION

Non-thermal  
production of  
pure hydrogen  
from biomass

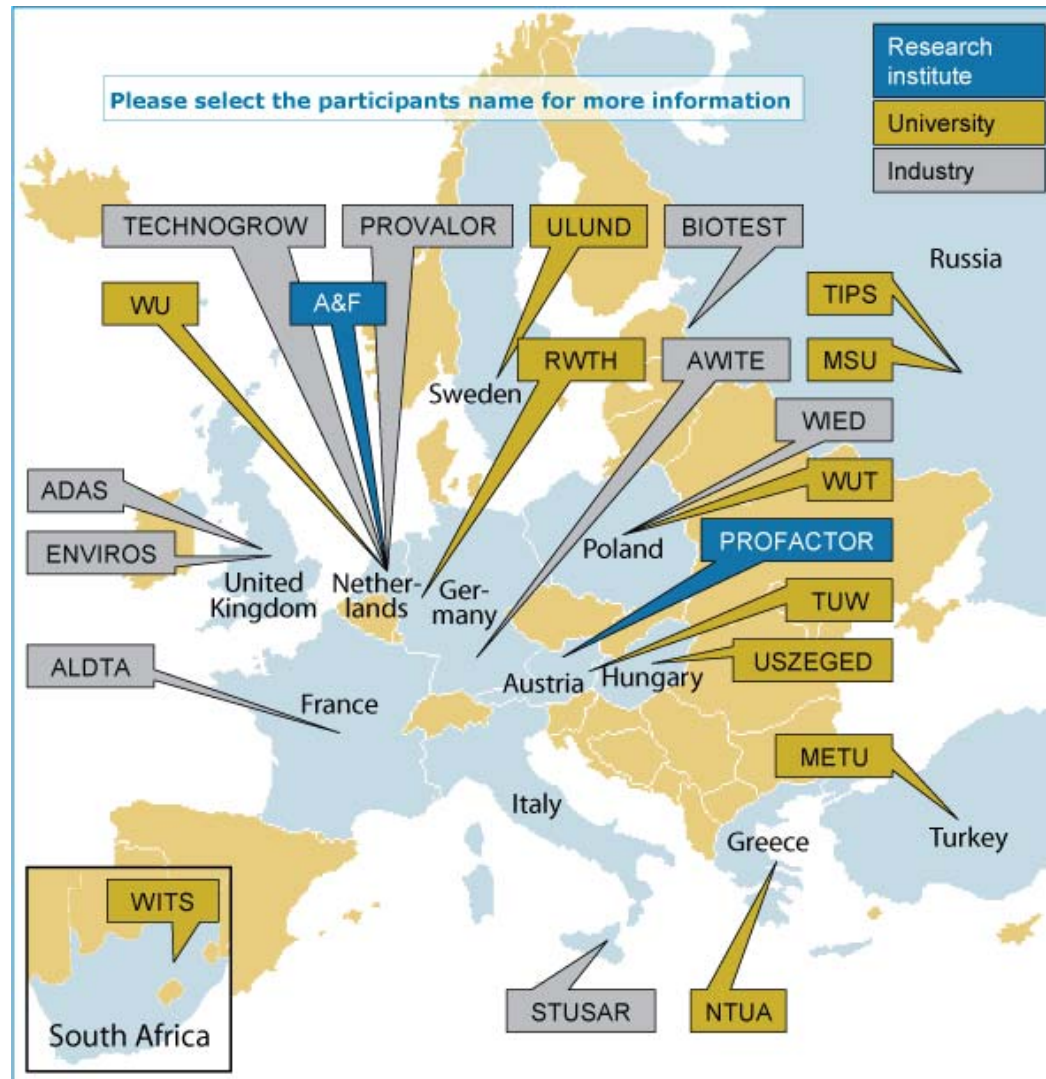
IP, 6th FP

2006 – 2011

14 M€ budget

[www.hyvolution.nl](http://www.hyvolution.nl)

# Project Partners



- **22 Partners**
  - 11 University
  - 2 Research Intitutes
  - 9 Industry/SME
- **13 Countries**
  - 10 EU
  - Turkey
  - Russia
  - South Africa
- **2 Partners from Austria (TU-Wien, Profactor)**



# Project Objectives / Project Goals

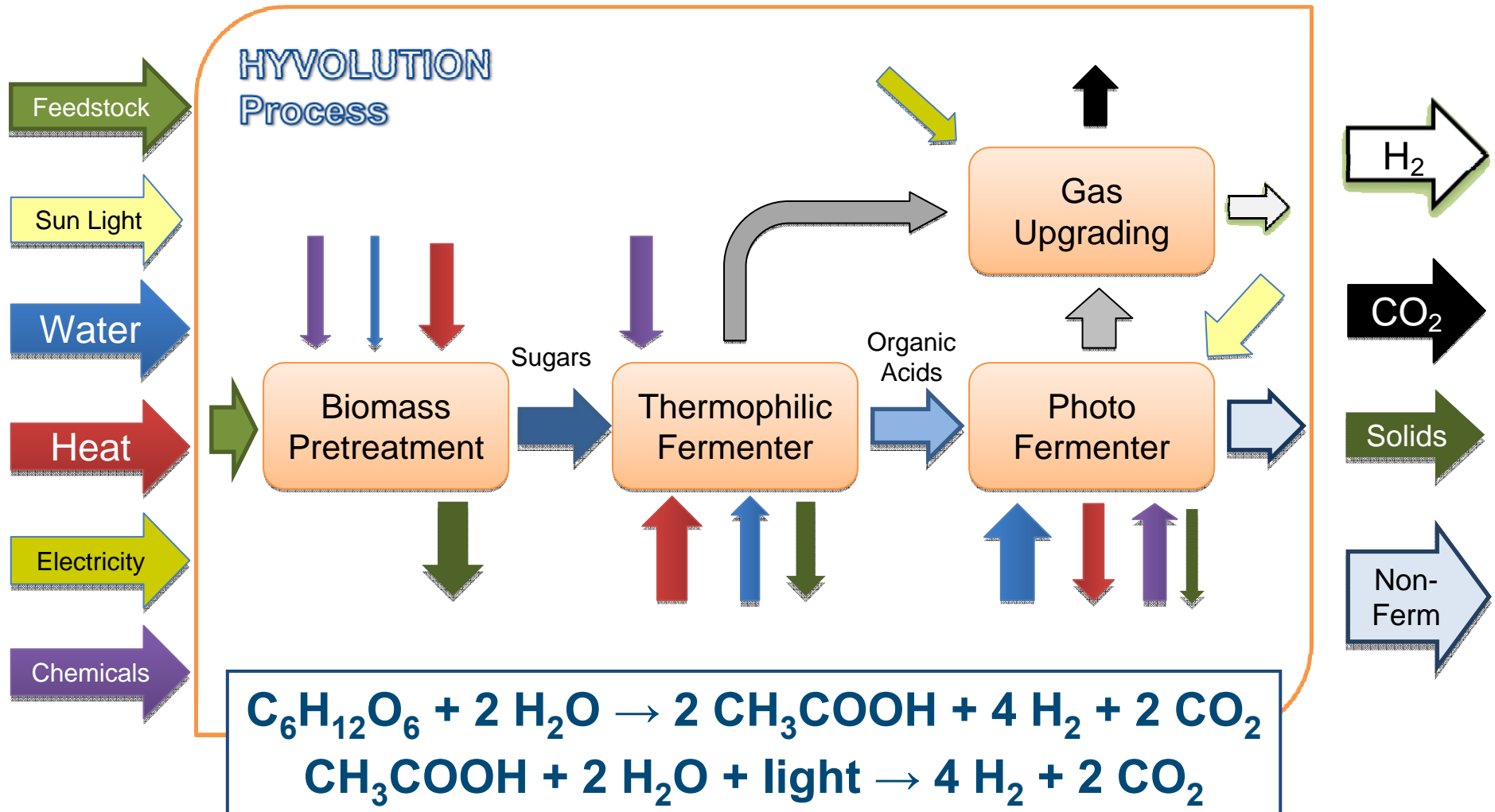
- Selection of suitable feedstock and development of dedicated pre-treatment procedures
- Identification of bottlenecks for hydrogen production in microorganisms
- Optimization of fermentation conditions and scale-up of bioreactors
- Development of gas-upgrading concept
- Detailed mass, energy and exergy balances of overall process
- Plant layout, process control concept as well as risk and safety analysis for Hyvolution plant
- Estimation of hydrogen production costs
- Environmental and socio-economic impact of Hyvolution plant



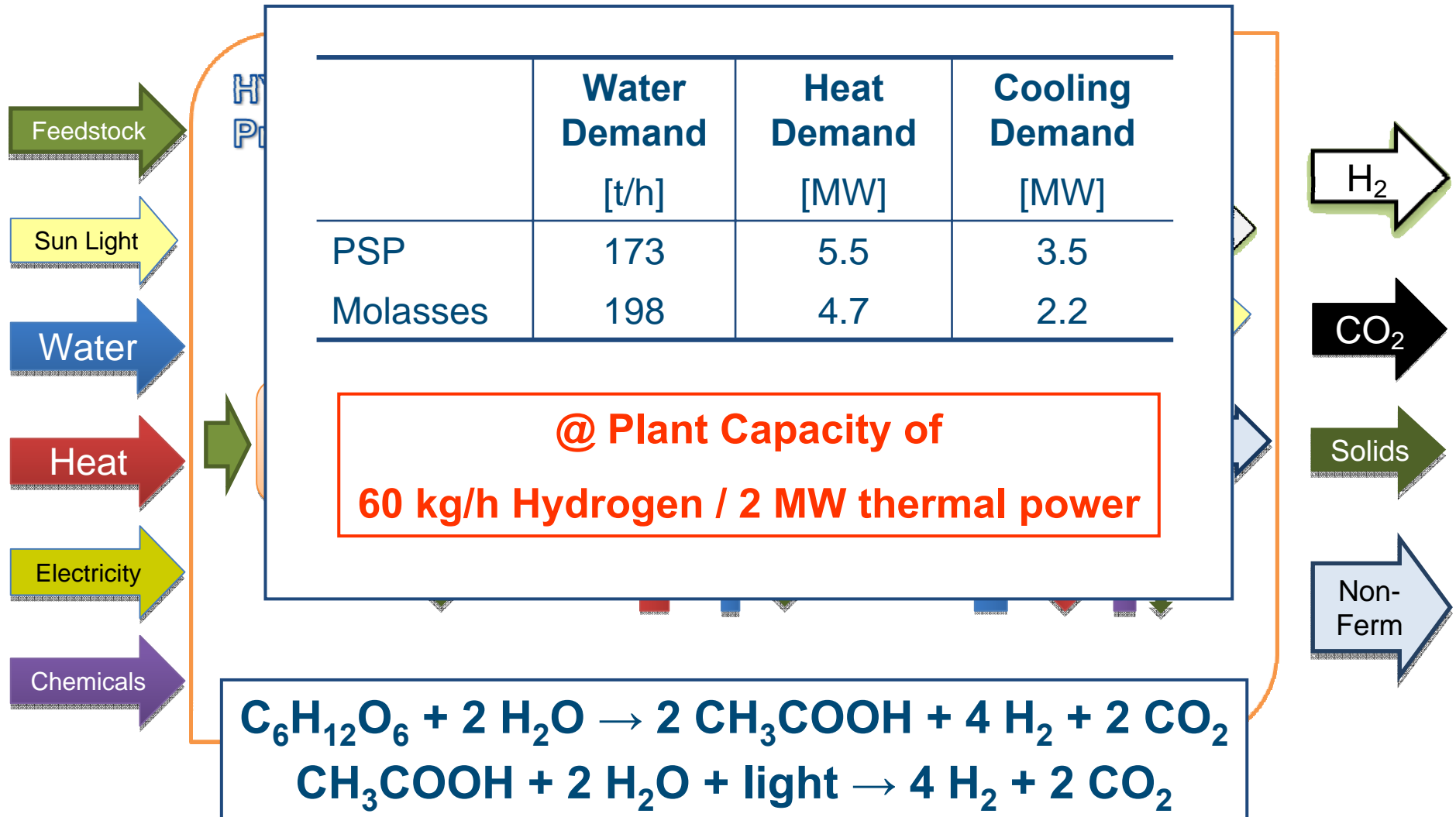
# Process Simulation / Process Integration

- Process simulation to provide
  - Mass balances
  - Energy balances
- Integration of single process steps to HYVOLUTION process to
  - Maximize product output
  - Minimize energy demand
  - Minimize cost
- Selection of the optimum route for overall HYVOLUTION process by applying
  - Process simulation and exergy analyses
  - Process integration and pinch technology
  - Process engineering
  - Cost estimation

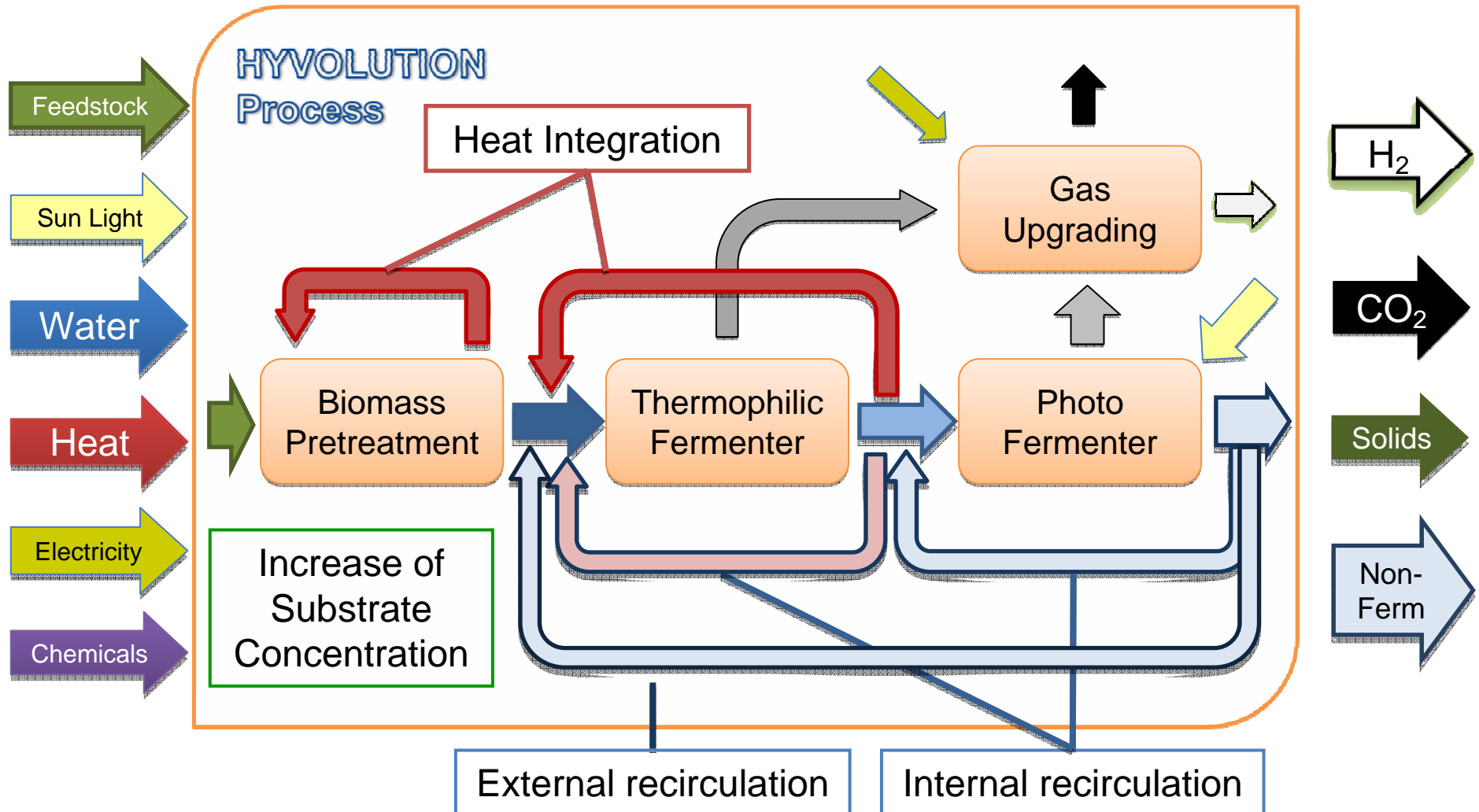
# HYVOLUTION – Overall Process



# HYVOLUTION – Overall Process



# Integration Options





# Assumed Process Conditions (Engineering)

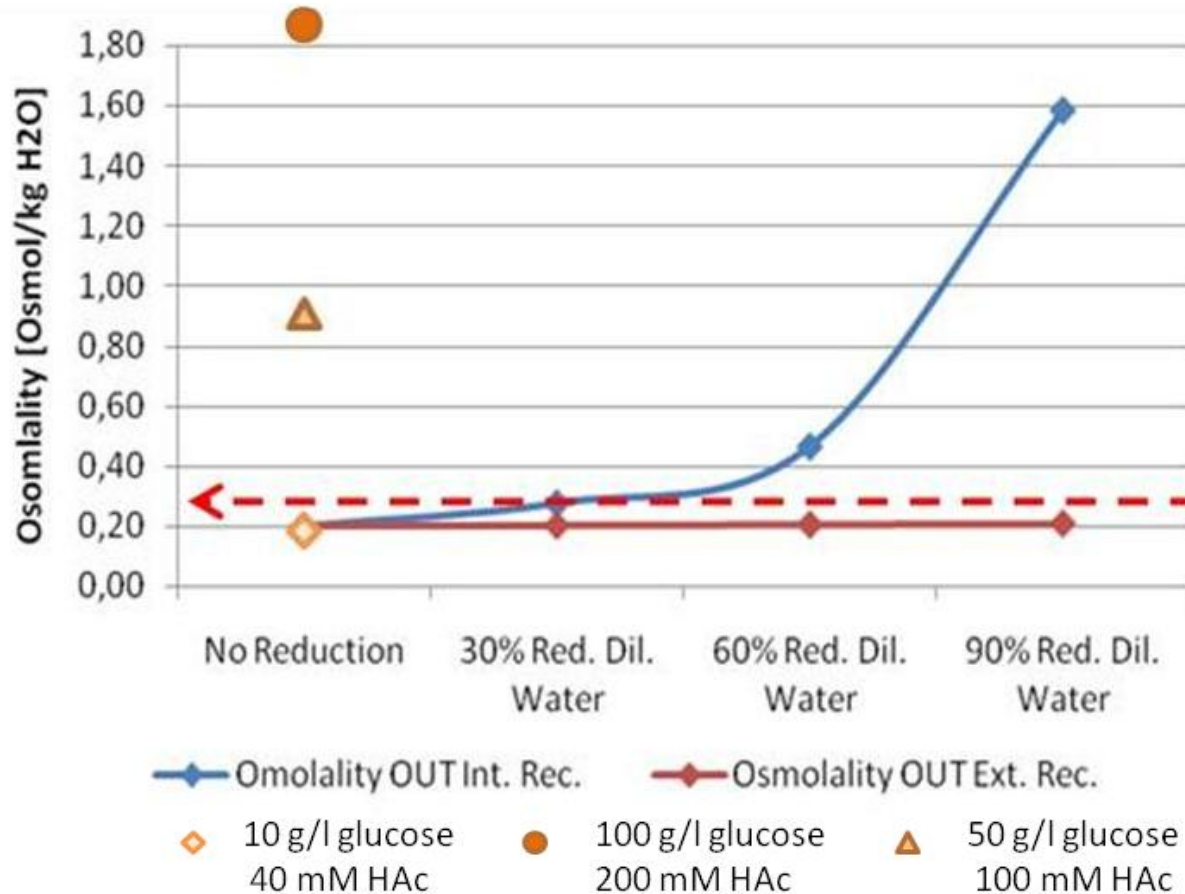
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Plant capacity	60 kg/h Hydrogen
Hydrogen purity	97 % (vol)
Feestock	PSP, Molasses, Thick Juice, Barley Straw
Gas-Upgrading	VSA
Hydrogen losses	10 % (vol)
Substrate conversion to Hydrogen THF / PHF	80 / 60 % (wt)
Substrate conversion to Cell Mass THF / PHF	15 / 15 % (wt)
Substrate losses THF / PHF	5 / 5 % (wt)
Temperature THF / PHF	70 / 30 °C
Substrate concentration THF / PHF	10 g/l Sugar / 40 mM Acetate
pH THF / PHF	6.5 / 7.3

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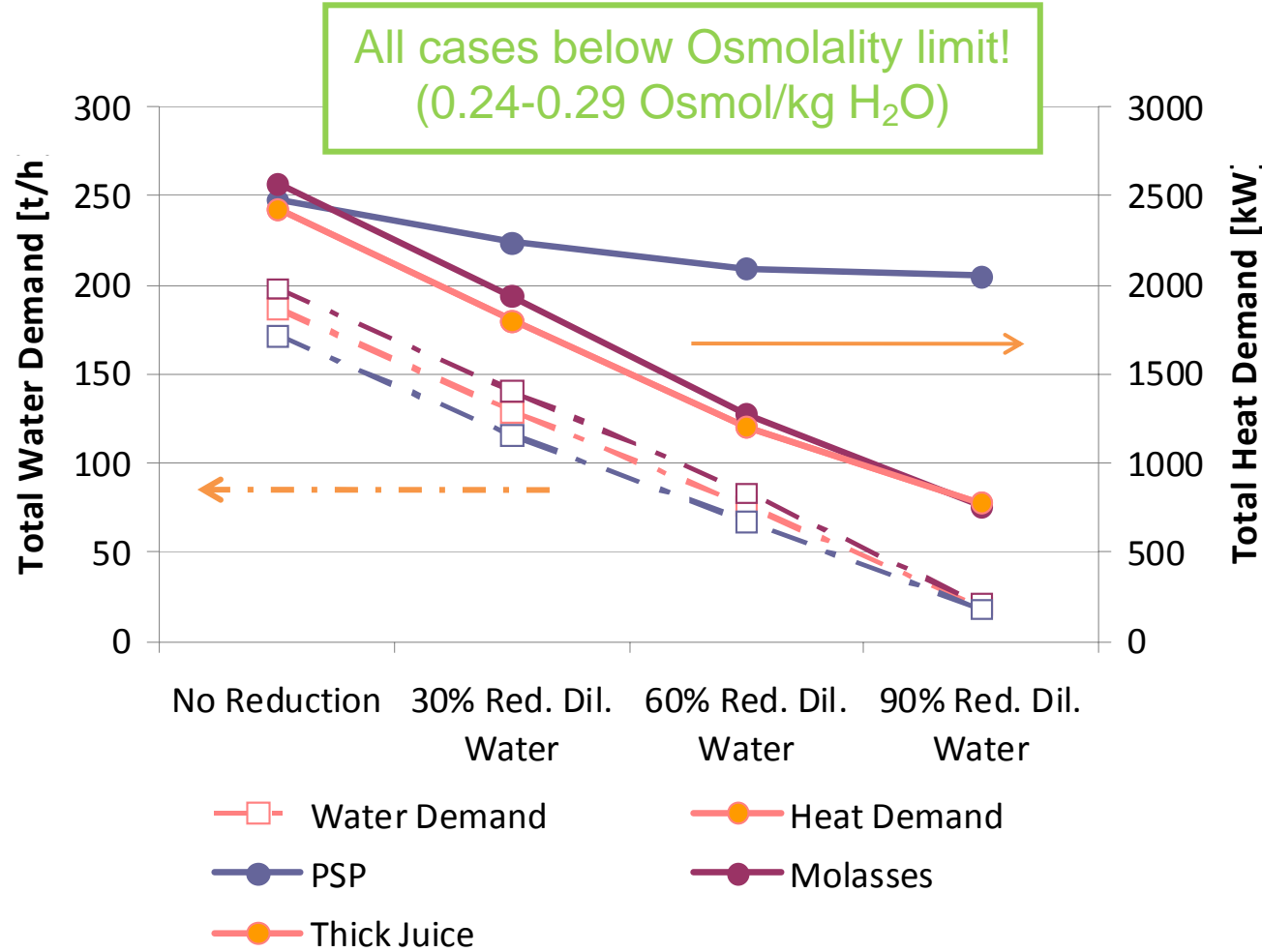
# Limitations – Osmolality in THF



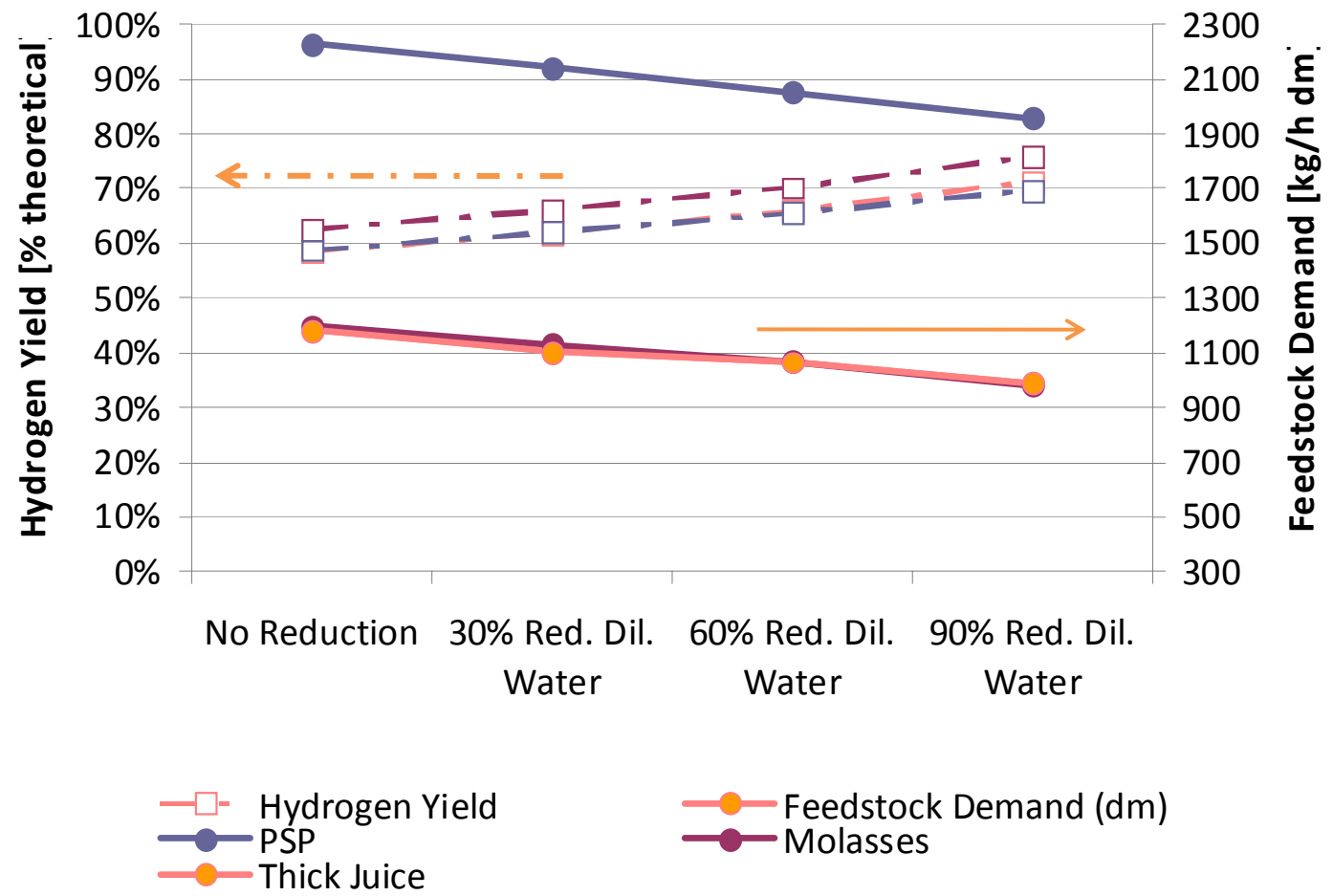
10 g/l glucose  
40 mM HAc

- Internal recirculation PHF
- External recirculation PHF → THF
- Restricted substrate concentration
- Focus on heat integration reactor outlet/inlet

# Intermediate Results - Integrated Process (1)



# Intermediate Results - Integrated Process (2)



# Actual Results – „Engineering“ Parameters

		<b>PSP</b>	<b>Thick Juice</b>	<b>Molasses</b>	<b>Barley Straw</b>
<b>Feedstock Demand</b>	t/h	17.6	1.1	1.5	1.9
<b>Water Demand</b>	t/h	74.6	80.4	80.7	93.0
<b>Heat Demand</b>	MW	0.92	0.74	0.74	0.96
<b>Enzyme Demand</b>	kg/h	0.93	-	-	629
<b>KOH Demand</b>	kg/h	335	310	265	333
<b>Buffer Demand</b>	kg/h	273	250	221	283

Assuming no heat demand in PHF  
Rearrangement of Heat Integration

## “Engineering” Assumptions:

- Conversion PTR: PSP 90% / Barley Straw 45%
- Conversion to H<sub>2</sub> in THF: 80%
- Conversion to H<sub>2</sub> in PHF: 60%



# Comparison Molasses (Eng. / Real)

		<b>Molasses (Eng.)</b>	<b>Molasses (Real/wild)</b>	<b>Molasses (Real/hup-)</b>
<b>Feedstock Demand</b>	<b>t/h</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.3</b>
<b>Water Demand</b>	<b>t/h</b>	<b>80.7</b>	<b>109.0</b>	<b>71.6</b>
<b>Heat Demand</b>	<b>MW</b>	<b>0.74</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>0.74</b>
<b>Enzyme Demand</b>	<b>kg/h</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>KOH Demand</b>	<b>kg/h</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>310</b>
<b>Buffer Demand</b>	<b>kg/h</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>221</b>

Conversion THF (%) : 80 → 85 → 85

Productivity THF (mmol/l\*h): 20 → 16 → 16

Conversion PHF (%) : 60 → 40 → 70

Productivity PHF (mmol/l\*h): 0.5 → 0.6 → 0.9



# Simulation / Integration - Summary / Outlook

- Process Simulation allows a clear view of the potential of HYVOLUTION process
- A proper recirculation setup allows reduction of water demand without comprising the osmotic pressure
- Recirculation improves heat balance and overall biomass to hydrogen conversion
- Heat integration in THF and PTR reduces considerably the heat demand (by 85% and 30%, respectively)
- Improvement of productivities in both fermentors
- Reduction enzyme (Barley Straw) and chemical demand
- Covering heat demand from residues

# Partners and Acknowledgement



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