

E-PROFIL

Quartiersprofile für optimierte energietechnische Transformationsprozesse

“Neighbourhood Profiles for Energy-related Transformation Processes”

Forschungsprojekt im Rahmen des Stadt der Zukunft
Förderprogrammes (2. Ausschreibung)

Workshop Report

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Project Idea and Topics

Political goals/background → inadequate instruments, funding opportunities, planning processes

Resilience of cities, urban districts, resource efficiency, intensified use of renewables

→ Reinforcement of effective energy-related transformation processes

- City as the (most) important energy-related planning scale
 - Citizens / buildings, economic activity, traffic → energy consumption and provision
- Urban redevelopment / renewal / energy transition
 - For designing the energy future some disciplines are needed
 - Interdisciplinarity
 - Integrative approaches

Project Goals

Basics for an integrative strategy to support energy transition in neighbourhoods/districts (*Quartiere*)

Starting point are local, small-scale conditions as orientation framework for funding approaches and activities

→ Focus on local potentials, opportunities and barriers in order to increase the **effectiveness** of transformation processes of neighbourhoods

Planning Approach (analysis and simulation) of Neighbourhood Profiles as basis for energy-related transformation processes

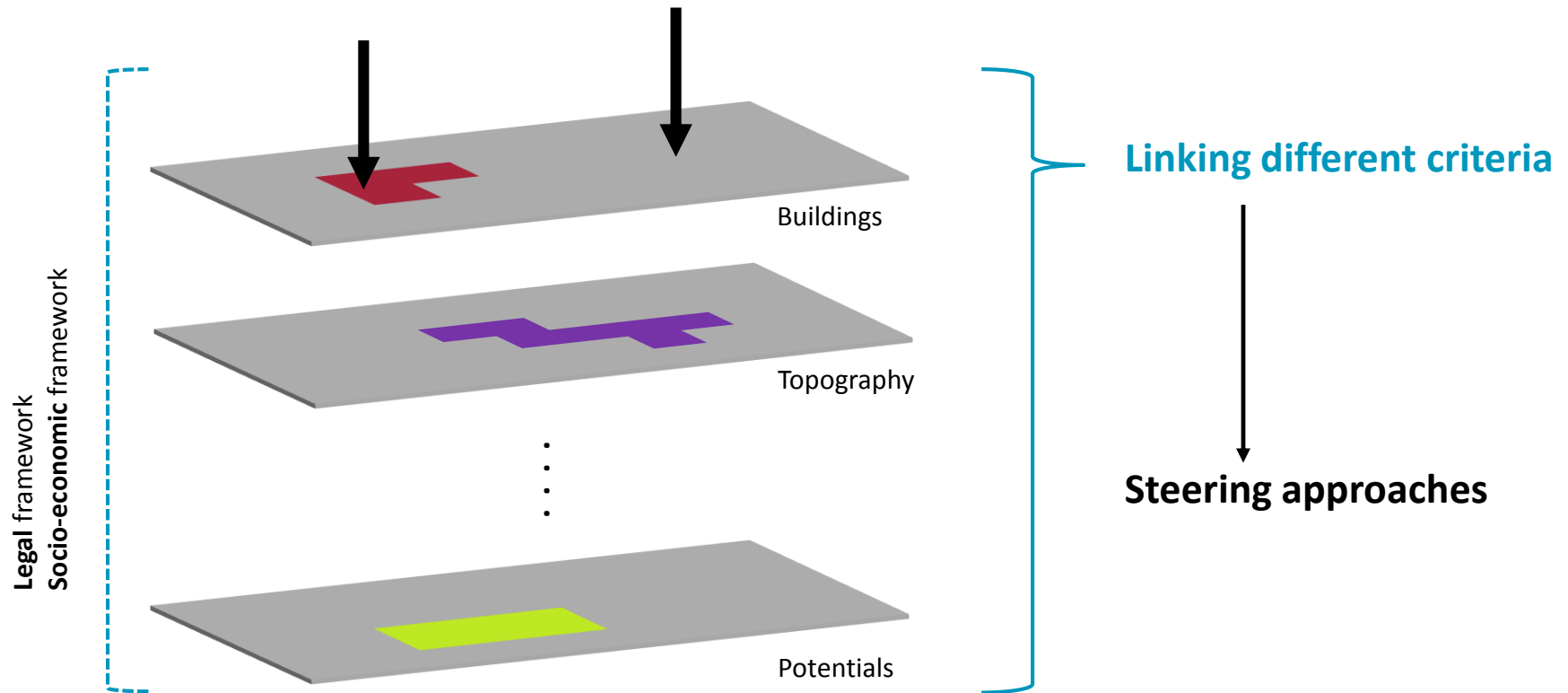
Neighbourhood Profiles (local transformation conditions) as starting point for elaboration of a roadmap (transformation path)

→ **Feasibility** analysis / implementation

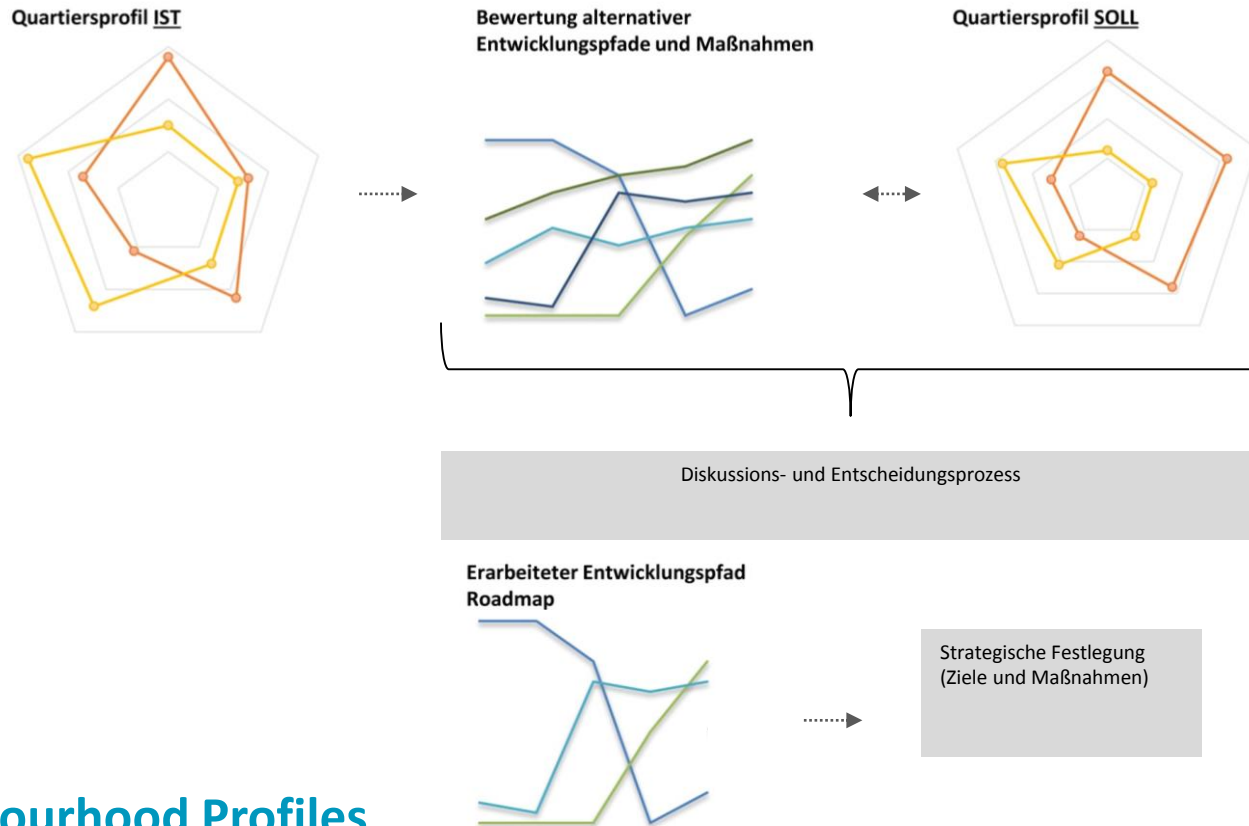
→ **Structural and process evaluation**

Effectiveness & Steering Approaches

Spatial energy transformation conditions
on different spatial scales



Feasibility & Implementation



■ Neighbourhood Profiles

- Actual state of pilot neighbourhoods *Franckviertel* and *Kleinmünchen*
 - Key objectives and perspectives: potential paths of energy transition
- Specific objectives for *Franckviertel* and *Kleinmünchen*

Feasibility & Implementation

■ Planning Process

- Definition / modelling of recent energy demand of buildings
- Elaboration of target states of pilot neighbourhoods → creating target profiles for *Franckviertel* and *Kleinmünchen*

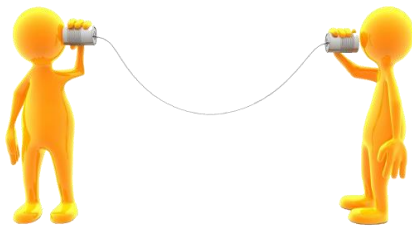


- Pointing out the most important potentials, barriers and actors
- Identification of a corresponding set of measures (retrofitting, renewables, etc.)
- Identification of transformation paths
→ develop a roadmap

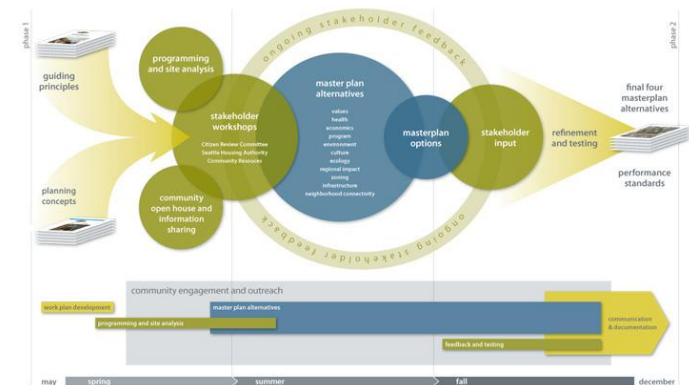
→ Summary of results in a guideline

Feasibility & Implementation

- **Communication and Visualisation**
 - Strategies in data representation
 - How to use information? (production, availability, dissemination)
 - Presenting available data and visualising complex transformation processes
 - Abstract data (statistics)
 - Neighbourhood-related indicators
 - Multi-dimensional energetic Neighbourhood Profiles
- **Demonstration of the planning process**

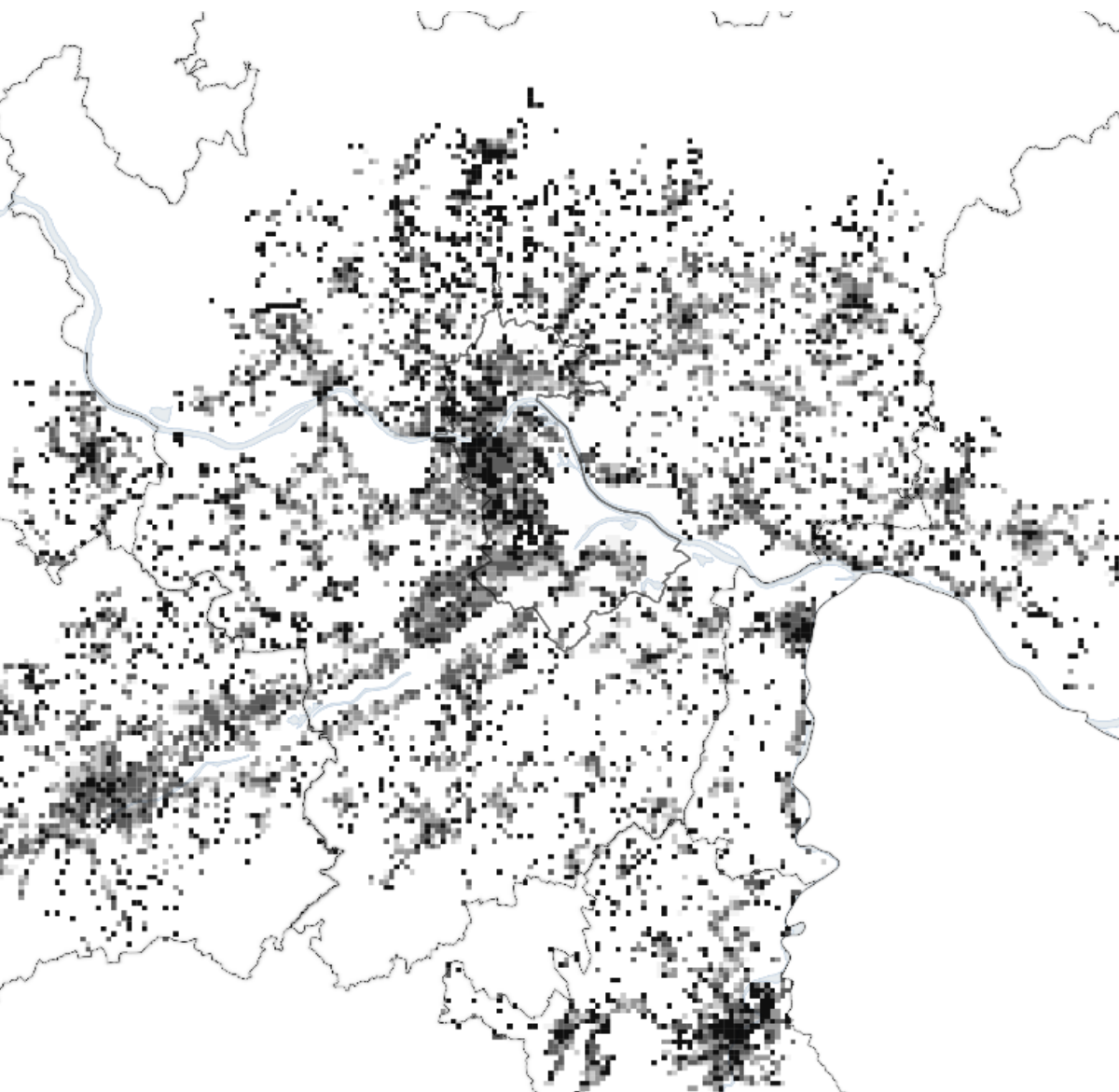
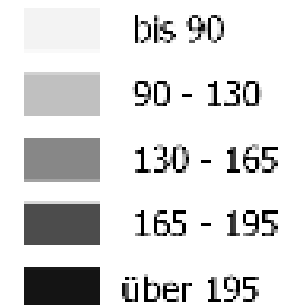


Source: <https://elizabethkuhnke.files.wordpress.com/2011/10/communicating.png>

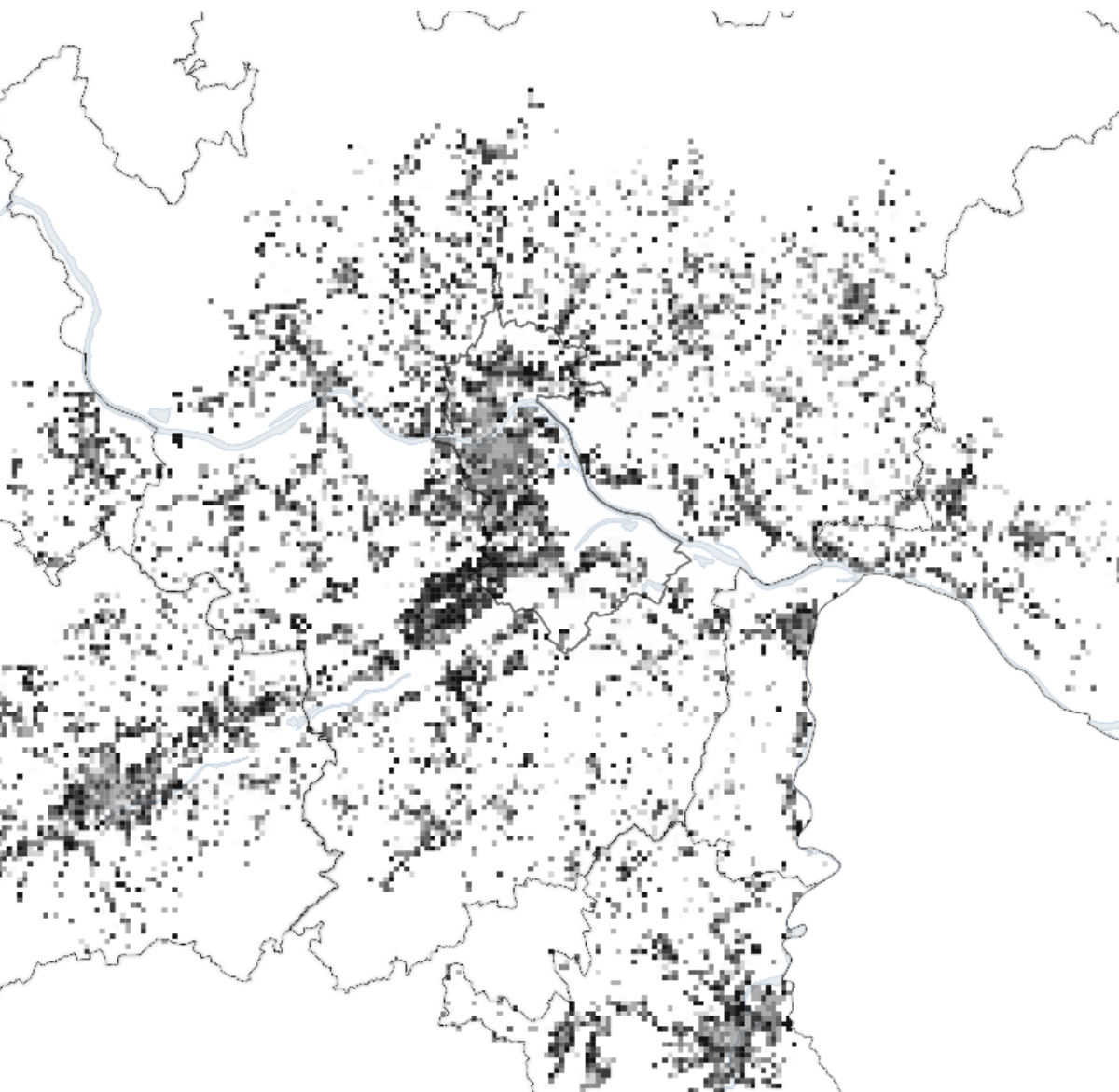
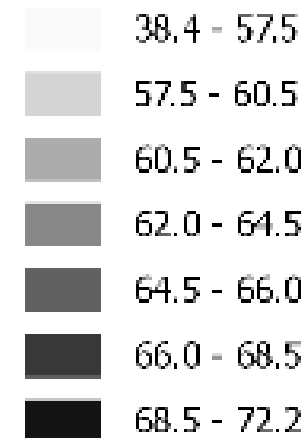


Source: http://www.esmilne.net/pieces/illustration/01-masterplanning_process.jpg

Spatial Analysis

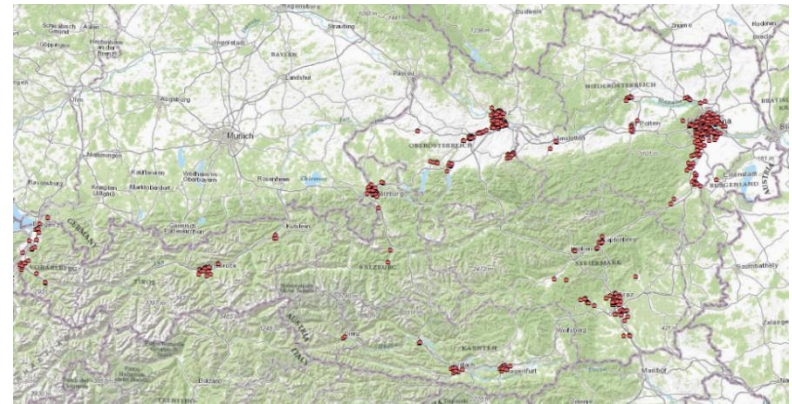
Siedlungsstruktur
GrundkartenENUR - HWBs kWh/m² pa (unsaniert)
Zentralraum (SW)

Spatial Analysis

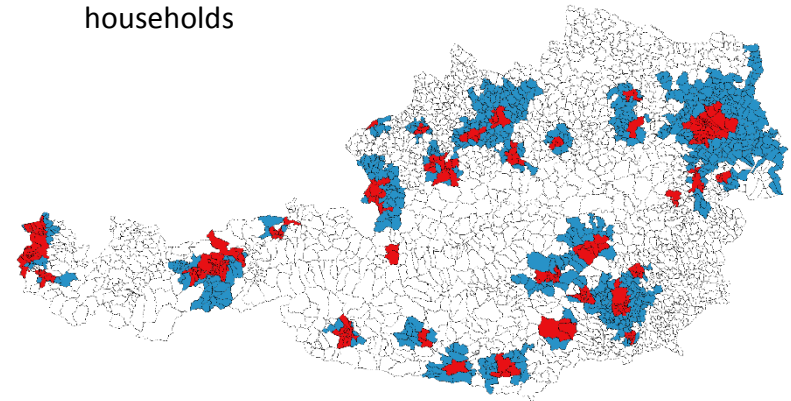
Siedlungsstruktur
GrundkartenENUR HWBs Einsparpotenzial
Reduktion KWh/m² pa in % (SW)

Household Survey

- Knowledge on (energy-related) socio-economic conditions still unsatisfactory
- → Household survey E_PROFIL Including experiences and attitudes towards energetic neighbourhood transformation
- Representative for
 - Urban regions (*Statistik Austria*)
 - Urban region Linz
- 1.026 valid interviews
- ~ 50/50 women/men
- Average age ~ 44 years



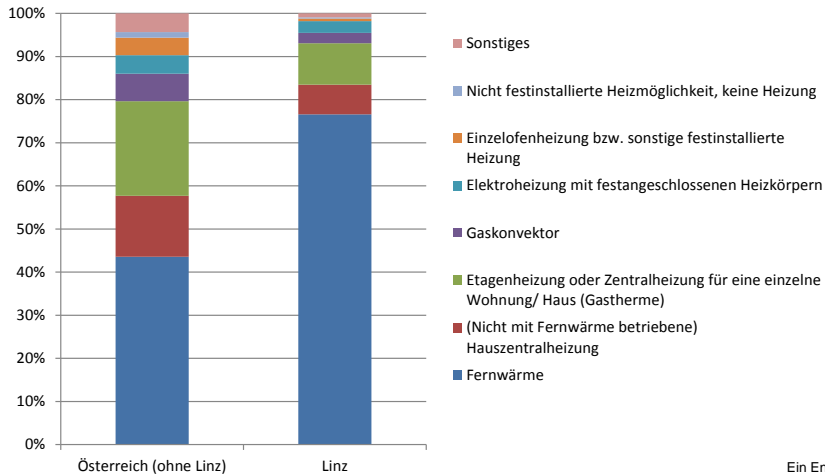
Locations of surveyed households



Urban regions by
Statistik Austria

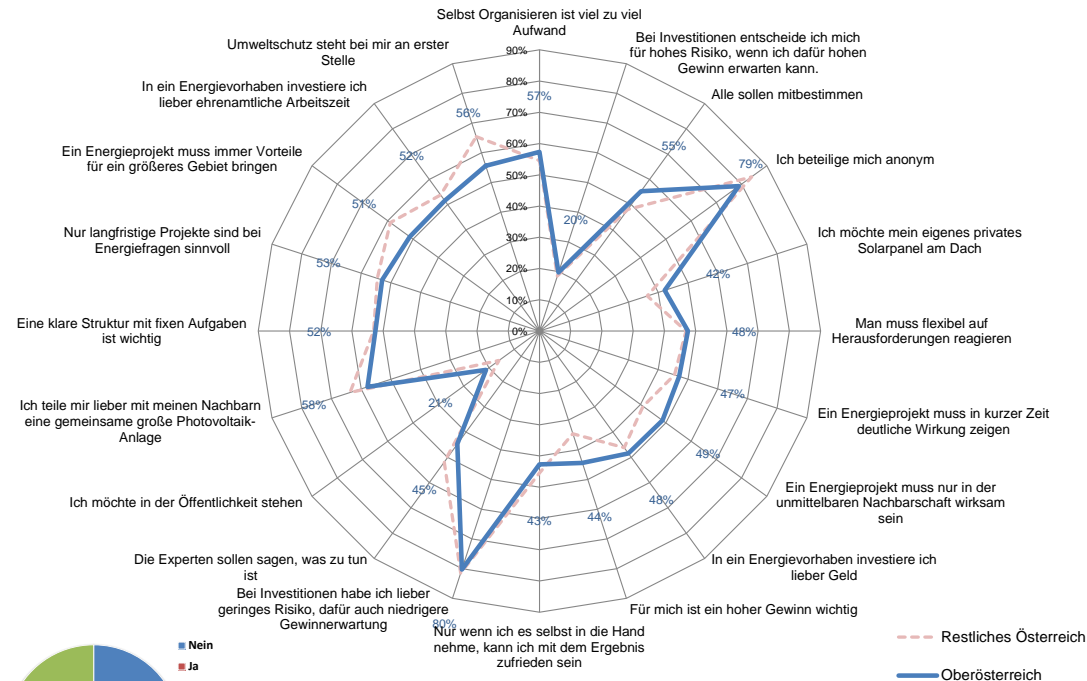
Household Survey

- Socio-economic basic information
 - Persons, household situations
 - Income, education
- Information on constructional and energy-technological conditions of buildings
 - Age, heating system, retrofitting, measures, heated storeys, etc.
 - Energy costs
- Attitudes towards climate-friendly energy projects
 - Risk behaviour, investment types, participation types, etc.
 - Identification with own neighbourhood
- Knowledge of
 - Neighbourhood scale energy projects
 - Funding opportunities (e.g. for renewables)

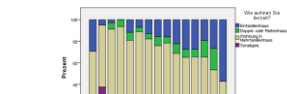


Heating systems used

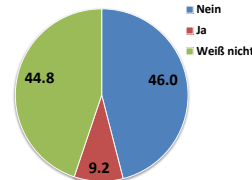
Survey: First Results



Attitudes and expectations of respondents



Relationship between net income and building type



Energy projects in the neighbourhood

Lessons Learnt So Far

- Omnipresent topic: data
 - Lack of data
 - Difficulties in organisation of data / data privacy
 - Time consuming
 - Statistical fuzziness
 - Open data insufficient, (geo-) databases needed
 - Positive example: Zurich
- Successful survey
 - Willingness to participate and experience of households in energy topics
 - Willingness regarding geo-tagging
- Complexity of transformation processes
 - Integration of different information types and modelling efforts
 - Heterogeneous stakeholders (contradictory interests: especially cost-benefit paradigm)
 - Accurate communication strategy necessary

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Thank you for your attention!