



Feasibility of a net-zero-campus at Otto-Wagner-Area

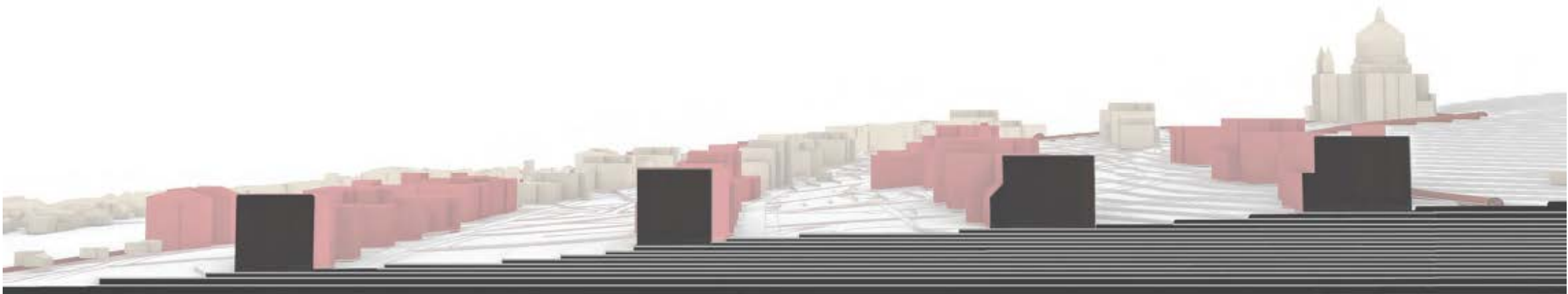
Preliminary results

Vienna, June 24th 2020

Diana Üрге-Vorsatz, Central European University
Günter Lang, LANG consulting

The vision of the project OTTOWAGNER-AREALPLUS turning the historic Otto-Wagner-Area into the world's first plus-energy-district

- While meeting requirements of listed buildings – the monumental area will be conserved
- Both Austria and the CEU set an important international mile stone on the way to climate neutrality



Quelle: TU Wien, OWApplus Gruppe Dallarmi

Introduction: Buildings for climate neutrality

What does climate science say?



CENTER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE
AND SUSTAINABLE ENERGY POLICY

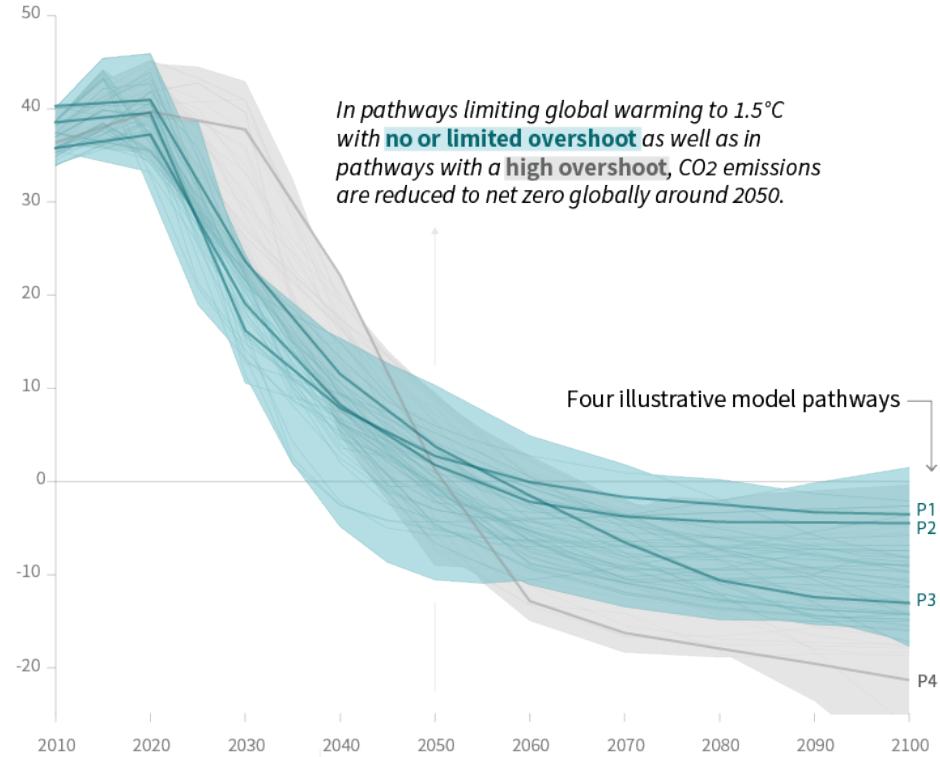


CENTRAL EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY

Global emissions pathway characteristics

Global total net CO₂ emissions

Billion tonnes of CO₂/yr

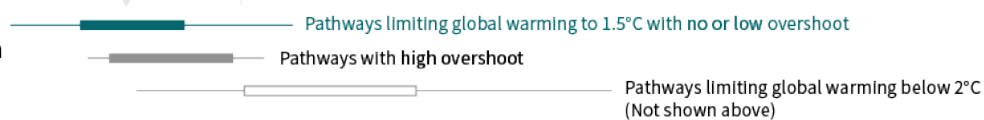


CENTER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE AND SUSTAINABLE ENERGY POLICY



CENTRAL EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY

Timing of net zero CO₂
Line widths depict the 5-95th percentile and the 25-75th percentile of scenarios



ipcc



INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON climate change

Climate strikes worldwide

Climate neutrality may become the standard expectation from universities by prospective applicants



CEU CAN WRITE HISTORY BY CREATING THE WORLD'S FIRST CLIMATE NEUTRAL UNIVERSITY CAMPUS THAT IS A RETROFITTED PROTECTED MONUMENT

CENTER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE
AND SUSTAINABLE ENERGY POLICY



CENTRAL EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY

ipcc

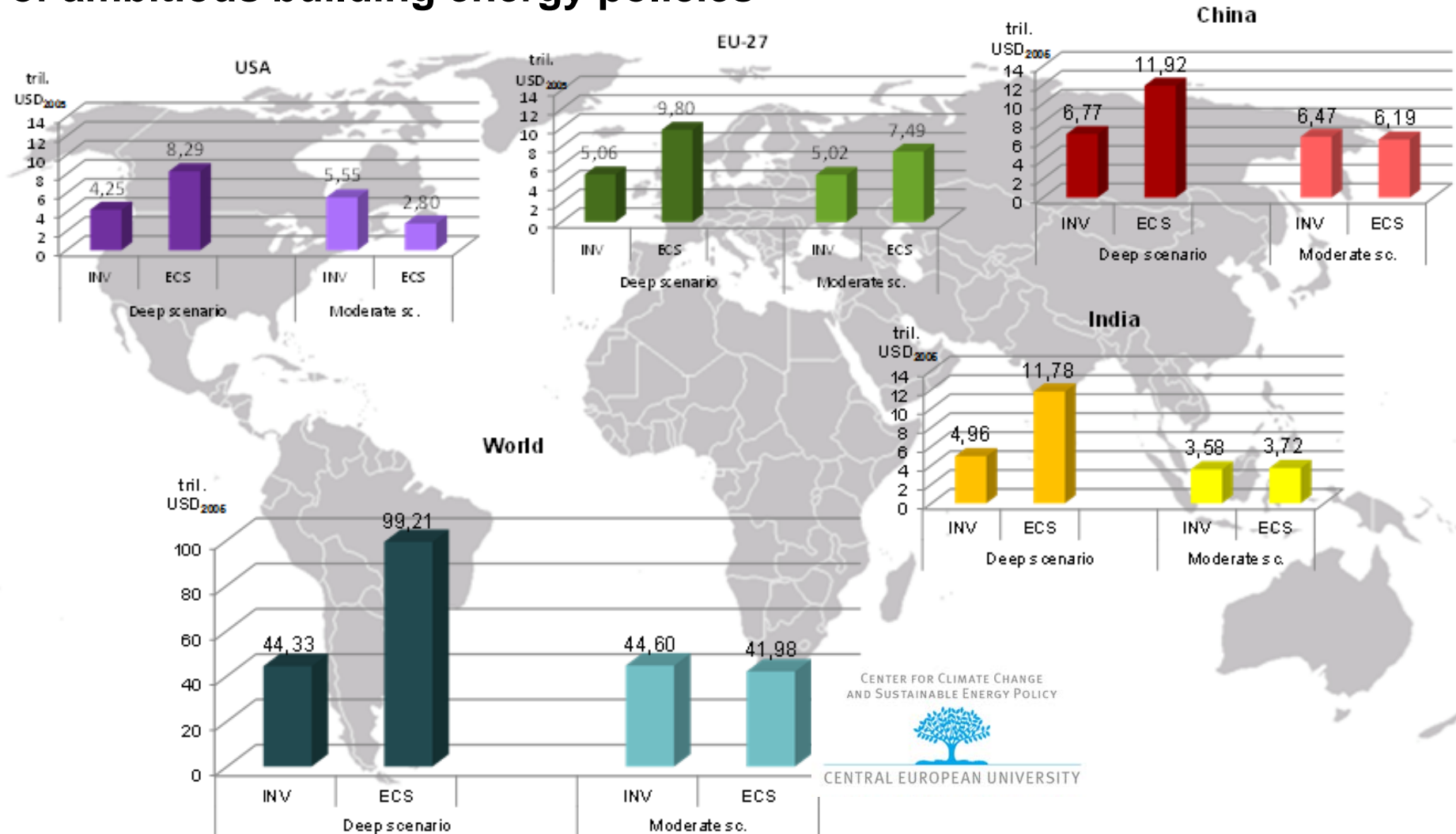
INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON climate change



5

Study „Monetary benefits of ambitious building energy policies“

It's worth it for economies,
not to do things by
halves on energy efficiency



Source: ABUD and GBPN

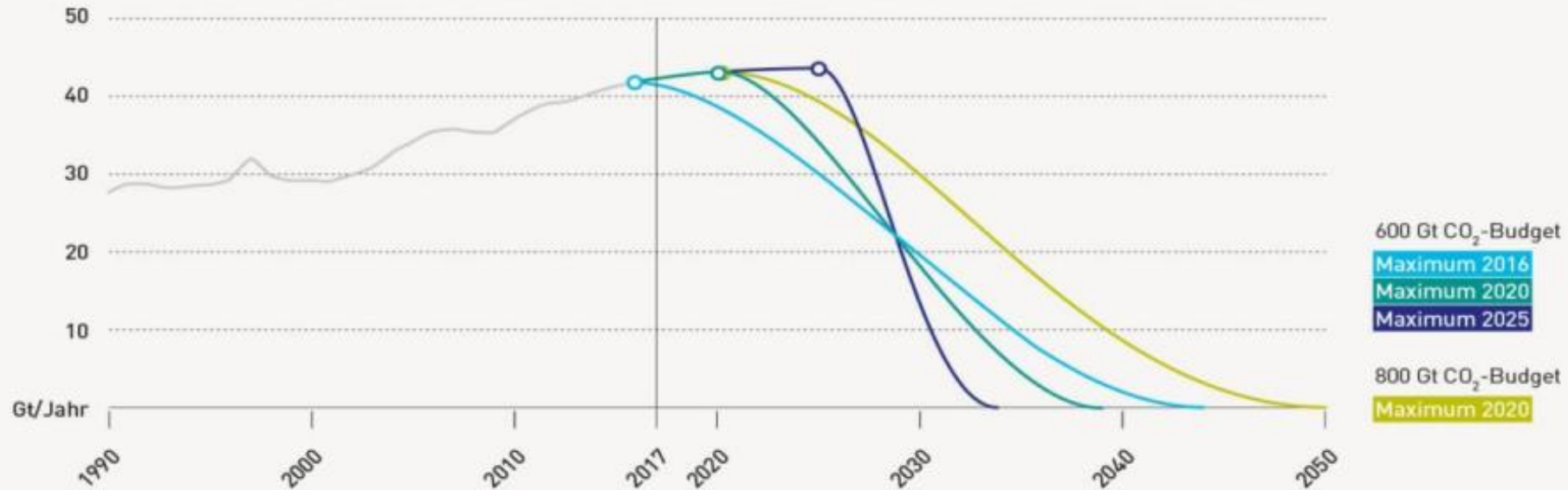
<http://www.gbpn.org/best-practice-policies-low-carbon-energy-buildings-based-scenario-analysis>

The later green house emissions are reduced, the stronger they have to decrease

Global CO₂-emission scenarios for reaching the Paris climate targets

Road to ZERO by 2040 – **The** <1,5°C path for the building sector

Faktencheck
Energiewende
2017/2018

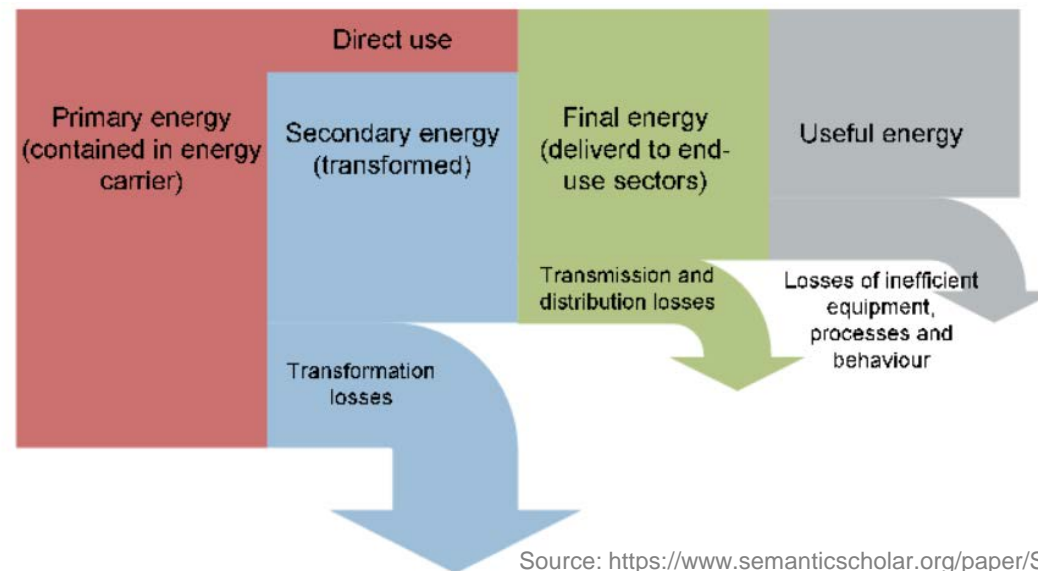


Grafikquelle: The Global Carbon Project 2016, Nature 2017

Definition of term „plus-energy“

Building or a district that

- Provides more primary energy within its annual energy balance than it consumes
- Energy must be provided on-site (on the building or within the district)
- Total energy consumption for heating, cooling, lighting, ventilation, electrical devices included (further system boundaries could include e.g. mobility as well)

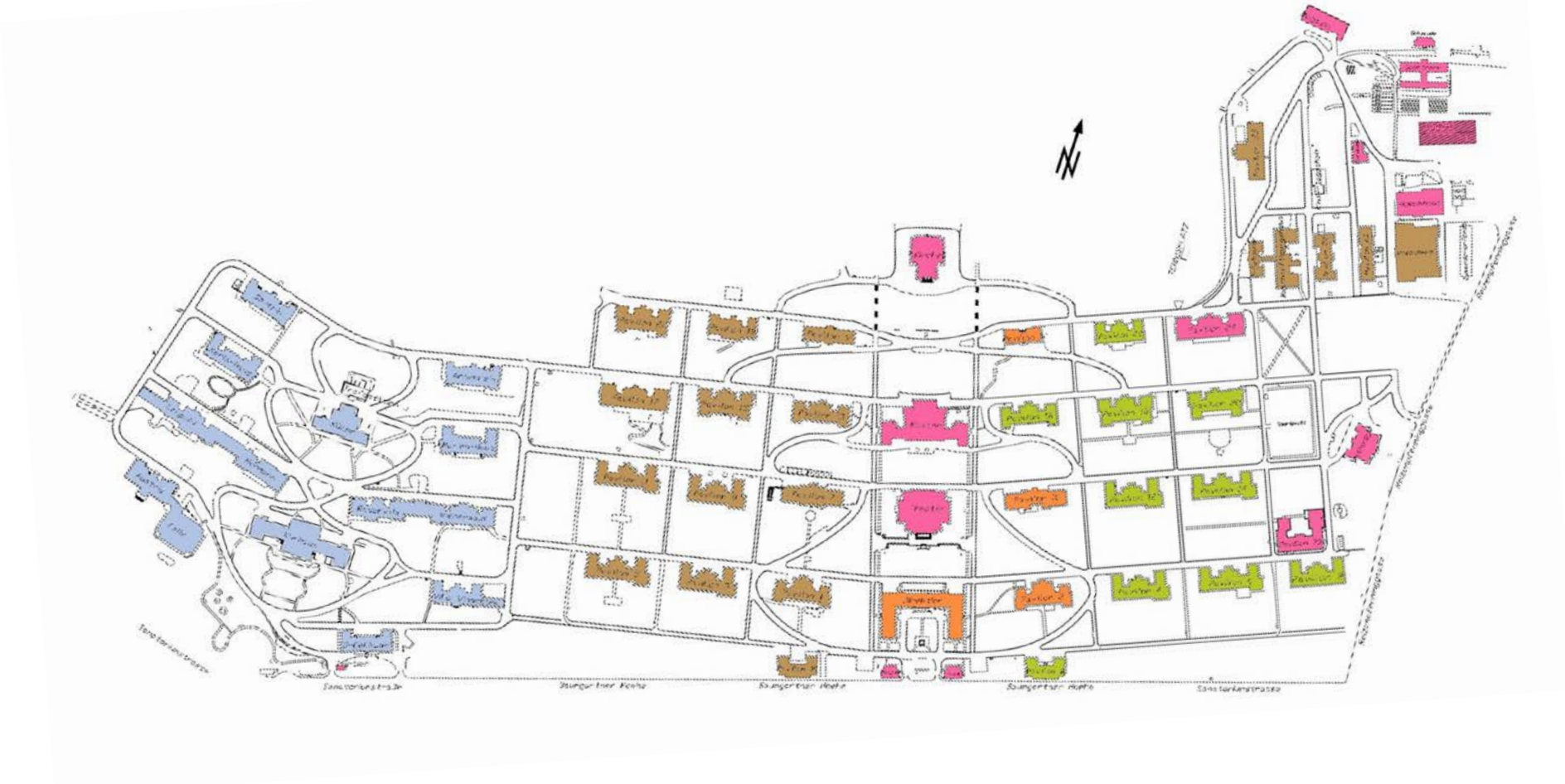


Source: <https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/Securing-energy-supply-by-harnessing-negajoules-Bukarica-Robi%C4%87/b4d1244aaeb1f251ea3c8f96479d64c81b1891d6>

2 Impact of a plus-energy-retrofit at OWA

The Otto-Wagner-Area (OWA)

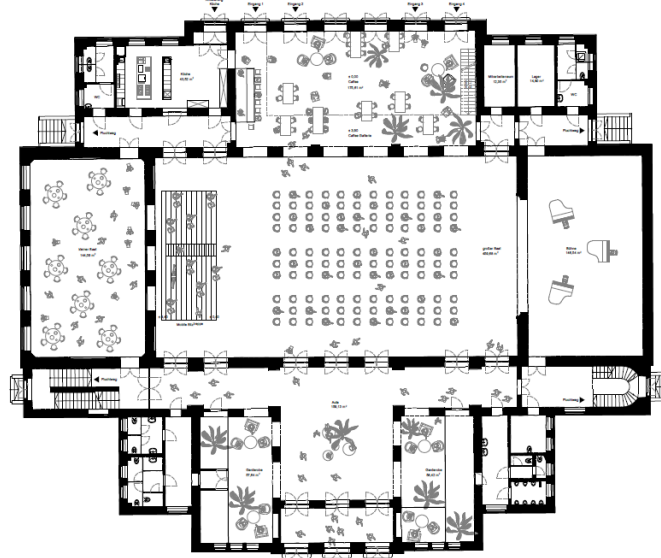
Input based on a survey at CEU taken into account, e.g. for possible further use of different buildings at OWA



7 outlook and potentials of a net zero campus at OWA



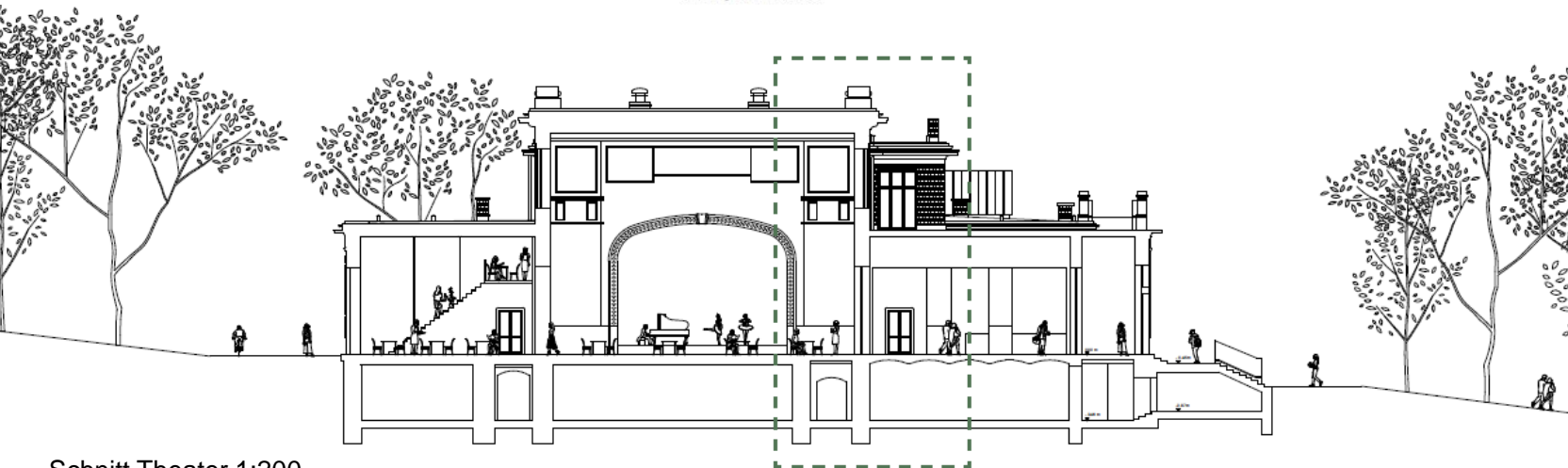
0.EG | großer Ballsaal



0.EG | Foyer | großer Ballsaal | kleiner Ballsaal | C



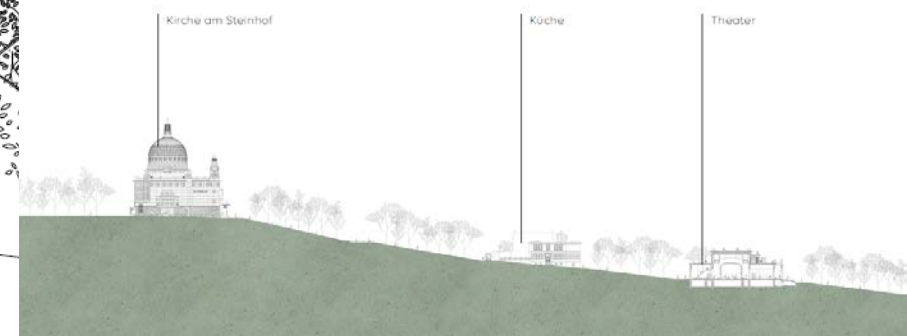
0.EG | Foyer



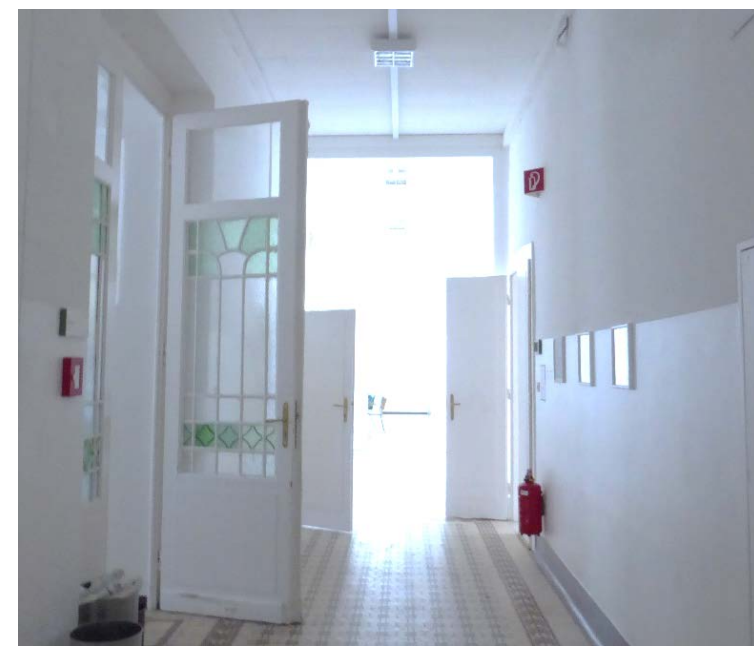
Schnitt Theater 1:200

Theater in the core zone

Quelle: TU Wien, OWAplus Gruppe 5



2 prototype pavillon 18



2 energy efficiency measures

building-level

- Walls
- Roof
- Base plate
- Windows and doors
- optimizing airtightness of pavillons
- Lighting, IT and electrical devices
- Ventilation

infrastructure-level

- heating – cooling - domestic hot water
- Photovoltaics

Measures windows (possibility 2)

Original double frame window

$U \approx 2.5 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$



New double frame window: e.g. Smartwin Historic

(Producer: Kranz Kastenfenster) $U = 0.697 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$



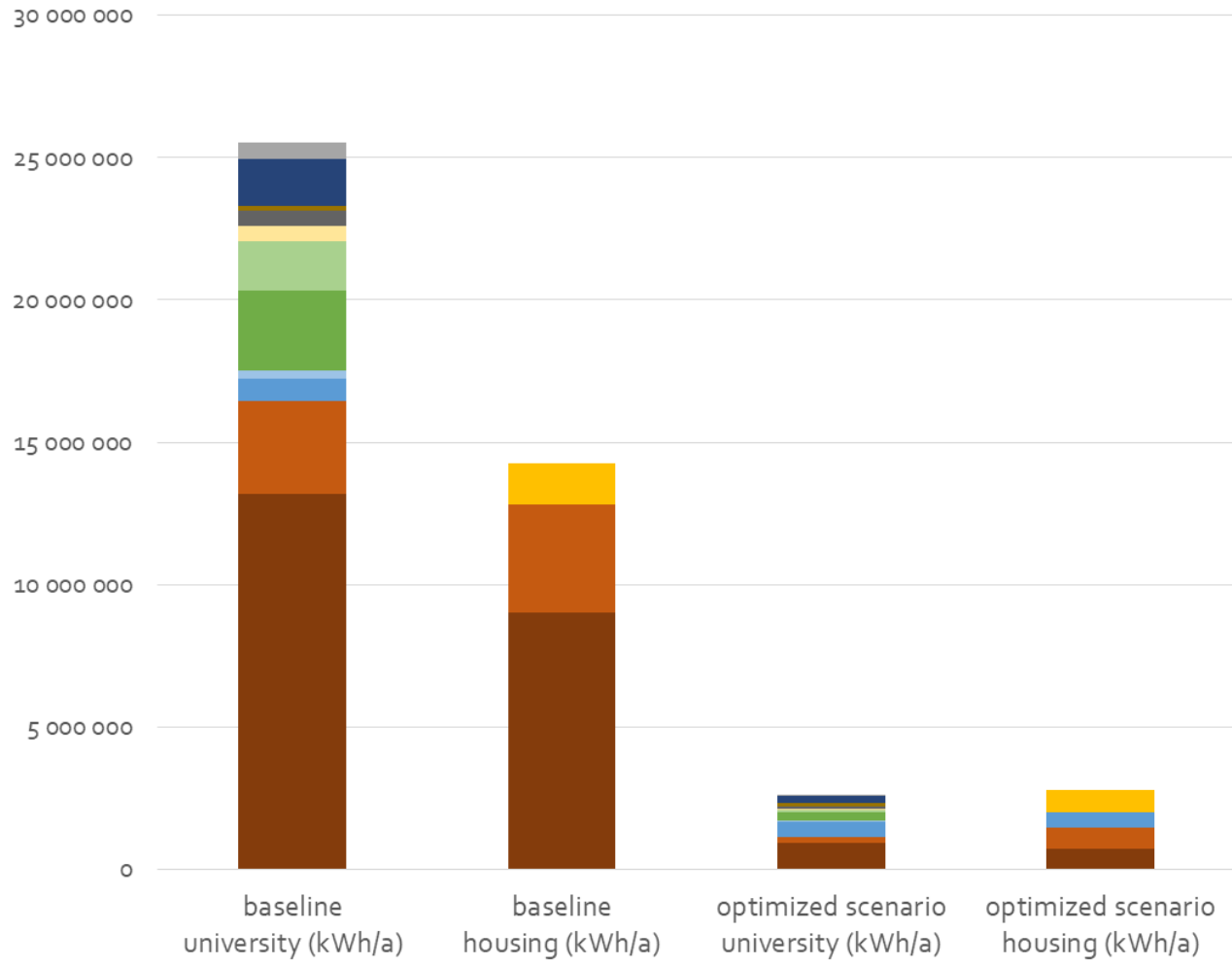
Double frame window with lower and upper detail, source: Smartwin historic/Kranz Kastenfenster
















Visualisation Pavillon 18, source: TU Wien, Iris Stieldorf

2 energy balance – plus energy campus

optimized energy consumption



-  electricity consumption housing (usage)
-  building automation and other devices
-  servers and uninterruptible power supply
-  elevators
-  kitchens
-  office devices (e.g. printers)
-  computers and work spaces
-  communication technology
-  lighting
-  ventilation
-  cooling
-  domestic hot water
-  heating

2 heating and cooling at OWA

Ring trench collector



Fotocredits: Ringgrabenkolektor.at

Bored pile heat pumps

Fotocredits: S&K Brunnenbohr GmbH



Fotocredits: Josef Fuchs GmbH

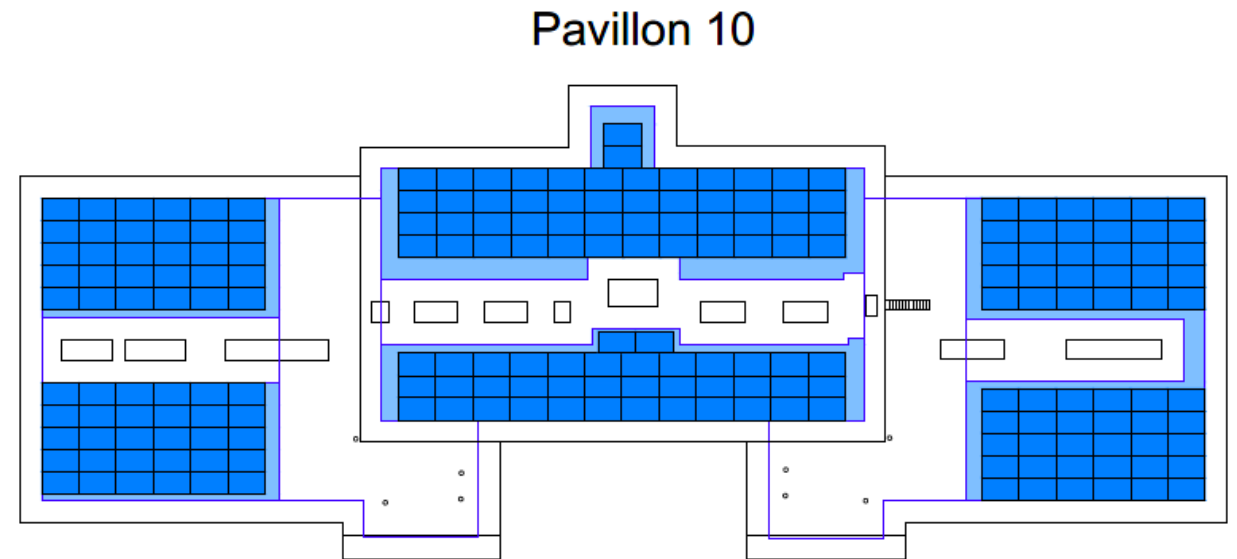


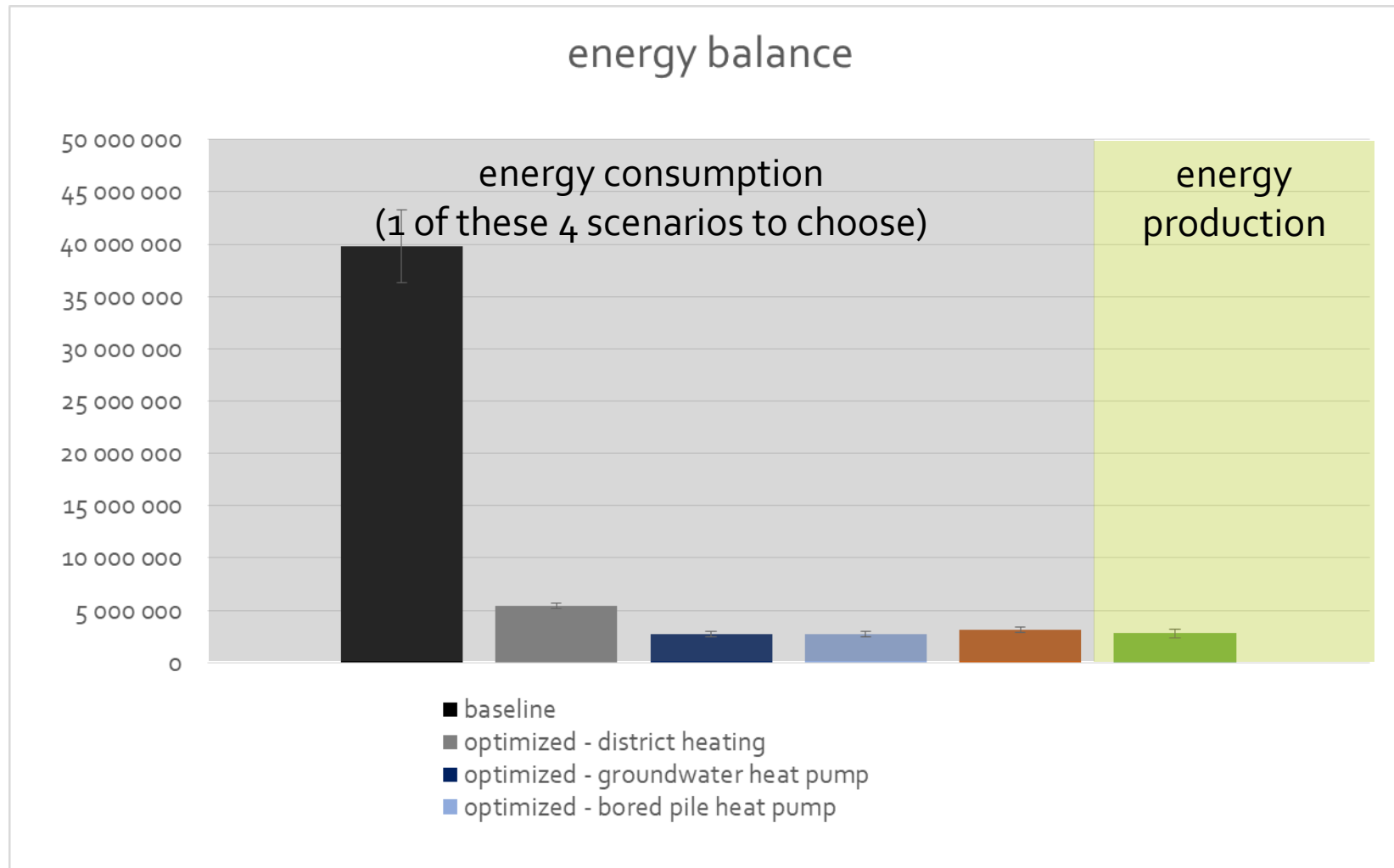
Planning of photovoltaic-systems

Pavillon 10



Fotocredits: LANG consulting





A neutral or even positive energy balance of the OWA-campus is achievable!

This can only be achieved by the enormous energy savings!

In order to meet the goals of the Paris Agreement, we absolutely need such deep energy-retrofits!

These results provide an enormous potential for the international visibility of future OWA-users.

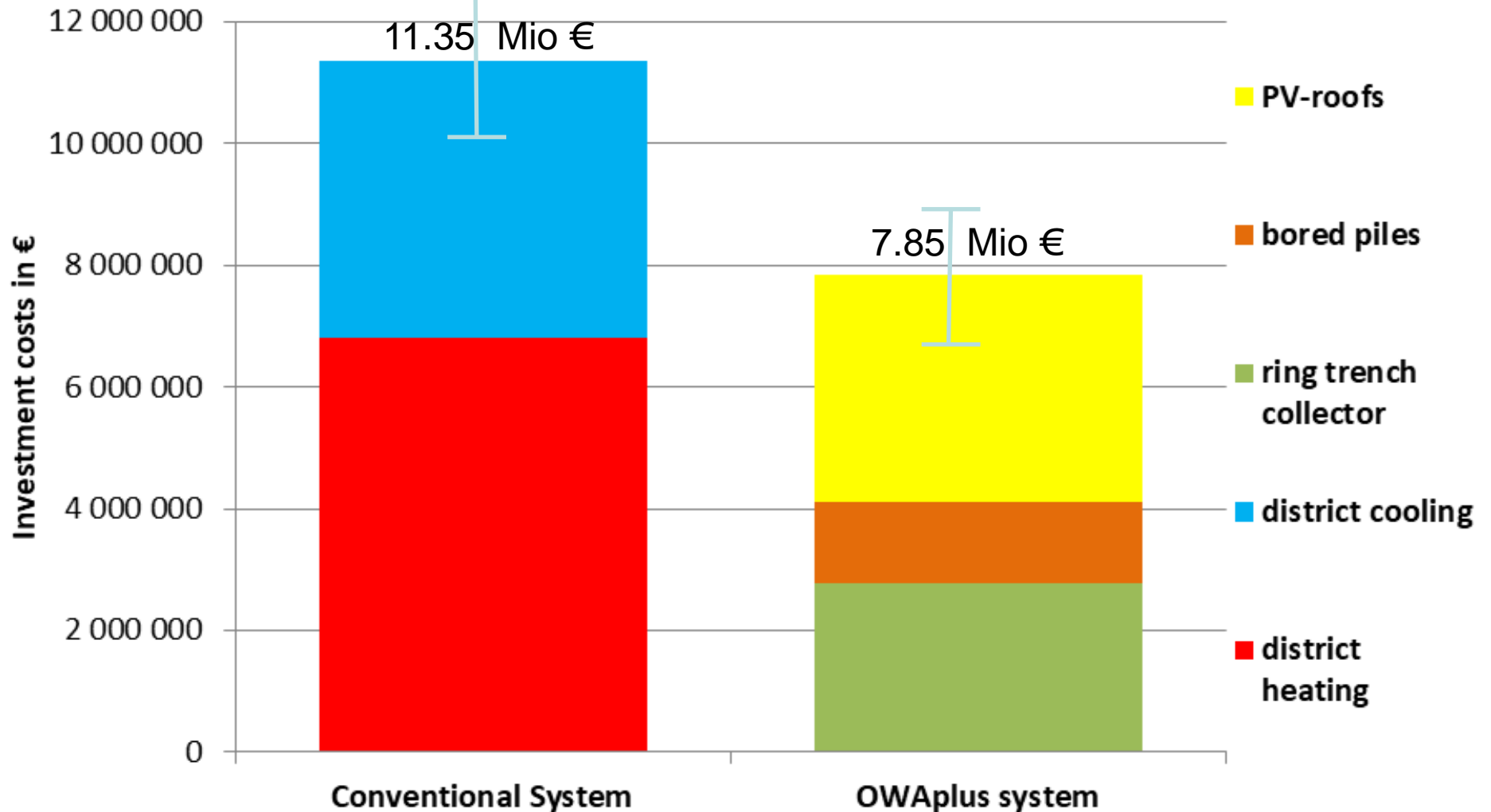
6 costs and economics

Investment costs for heating and cooling infrastructure for pavillons in „Kernzone, Kernzone Ost“ and „Kernzone West“

Investment costs for infrastructure heat and cooling

Including costs for energy production via own PV-panels

Taxes not included.

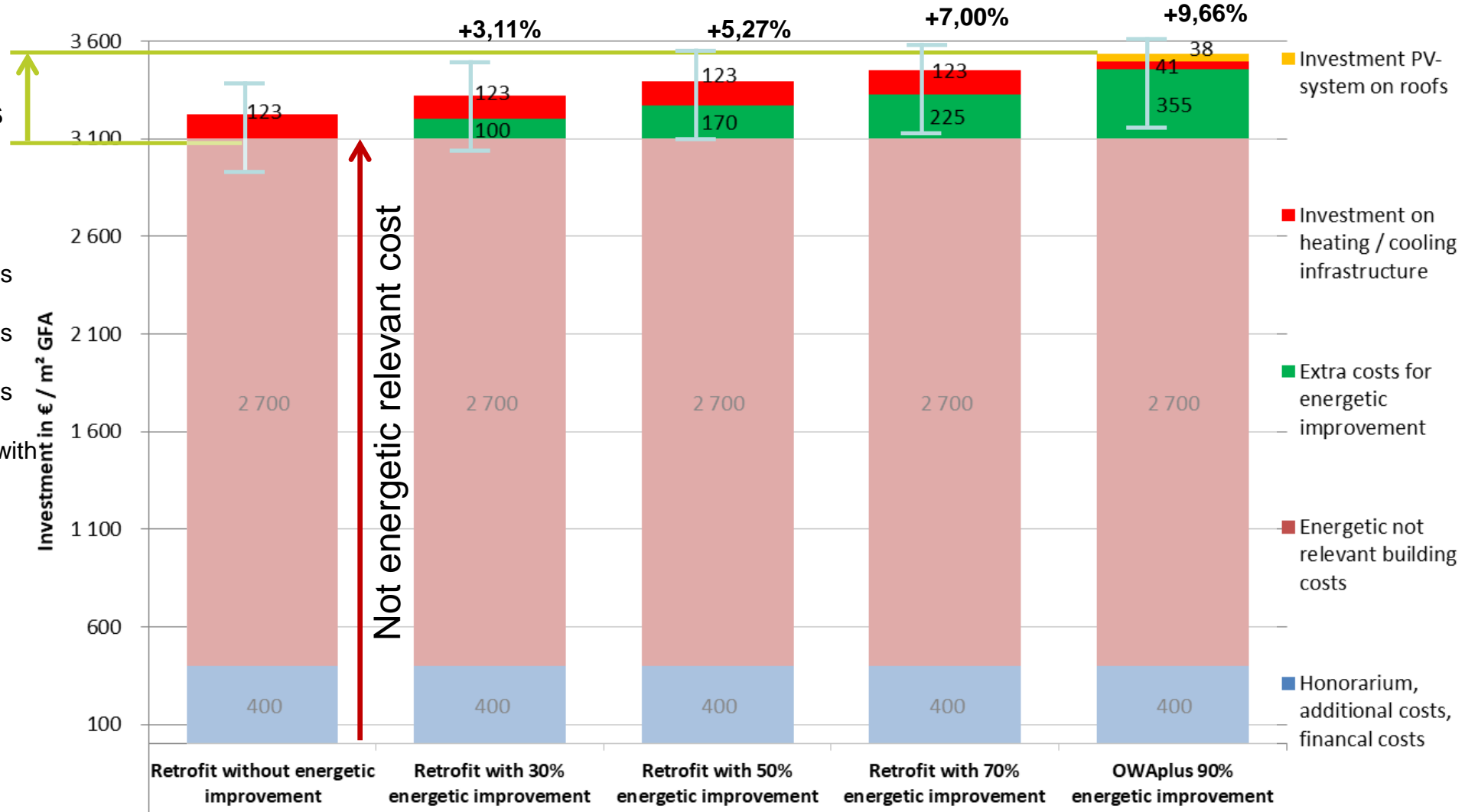


6 costs and economics

Energetic relevant costs

- + 123 €/m² for retrofit without energetic improvement
- + 223 €/m² for 30 % energy savings
- + 293 €/m² for 50 % energy savings
- + 348 €/m² for 70 % energy savings
- + 434 €/m² for OWAplus scenario with >90% energy savings

Total building costs per squaremeter gros floor area for retrofitting the historic pavillons at the OWA for their new functions as university and housing



Taxes not included. Costs for infrastructure outside the buildings for electricity, internet, water, sewage, etc. not included

6 costs and economics

Life cycle cost analysis of yearly costs for the next 40 years

Assumptions:

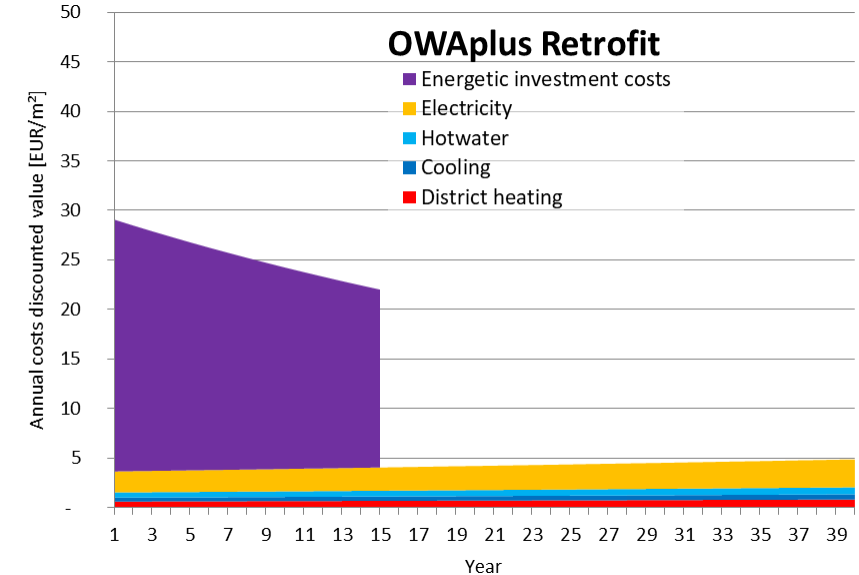
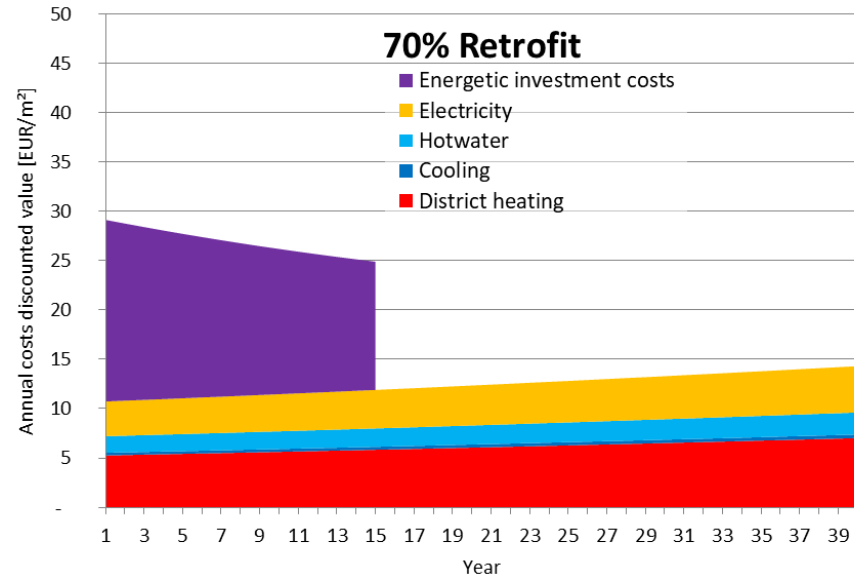
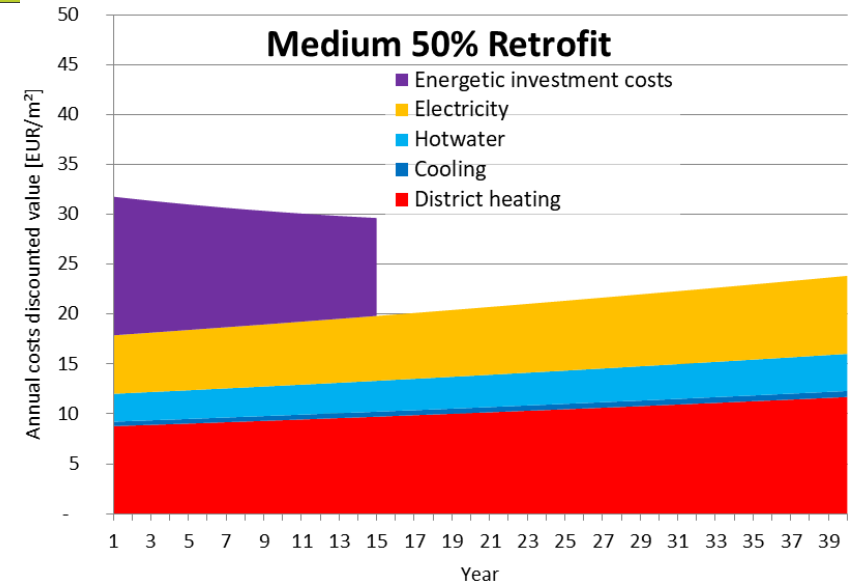
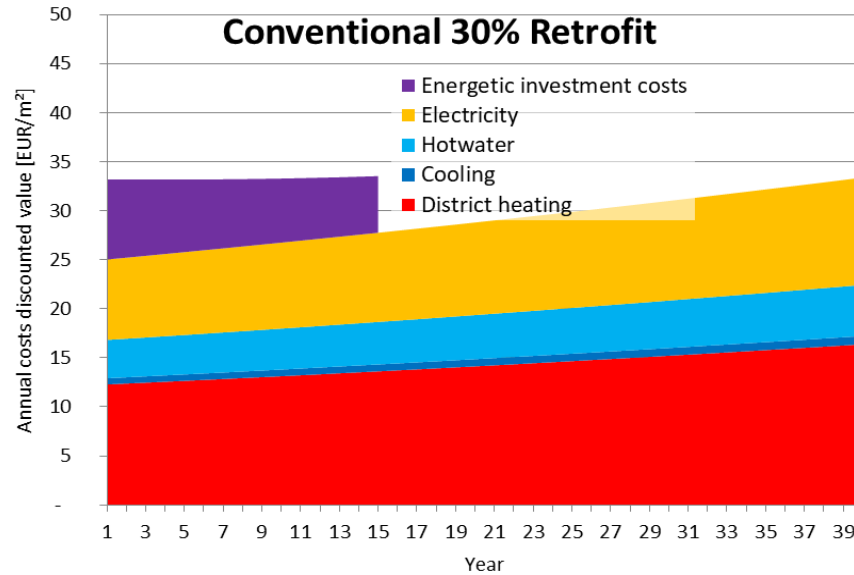
Investment of energetic relevant cost only
 District heating price: 0.10 €/kWh
 Electricity price: 0.12 €/kWh
 Rise of both energy prices 2% per year

Payback energetic investment costs (blue surface):

Runtime of bank loan: 15 years
 Rate of interest bank loan: 3%
 Intern rate of interest: 2.5%

non-repayable grant for highly innovative projects not yet included.

Taxes not included



- It is possible to turn the famous and listed Otto-Wagner-Area into a net-zero-carbon campus or even a plus-energy-campus
- This would provide tremendous impetus for the highly requested conversion of the international building stock into sustainable sites
- The vision of a publicly open, friendly and highly-energy-efficient campus will
 - attract the attention of the highly climate-aware youth (CEU's main target group are students)
 - lead to a welcoming acceptance of the local inhabitants
 - emphasize CEU's global leading role as a top-researcher in a research field of high-relevance

CEU's move to OWA – daybreak of the future



Foto credits: LANG consulting