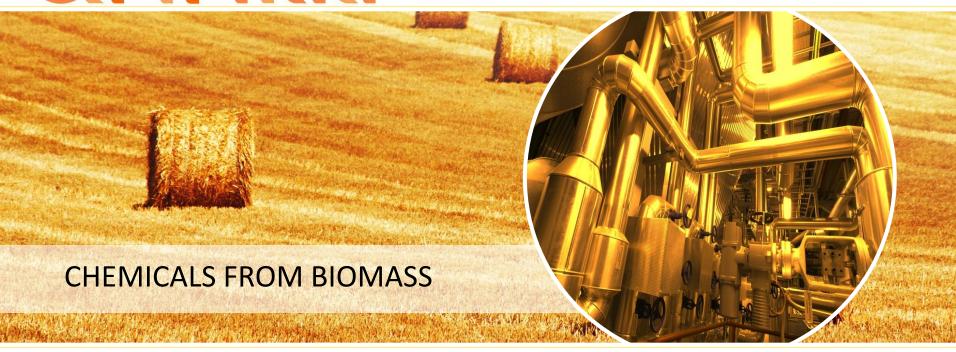
annkki





# **Experienced Industry Team**

Management	Ortwin Ertl CEO & founder	Former CEO & founder, IEP GmbH
	<b>Dr. Heikki Hassi</b> CTO & investor	Former Senior VP and Group Director Technology, Alstrom Paper Group, former Senior VP UPM-Kymmene Corp.
Investors	Prof. Dr. Ernst Günter Afting	Former CEO, Pharma Division Hoechst AG; former CEO Roussel Uclaf
	John Bump	Former Member, Chicago Board of Trade
	Prof. Dr. K. Messner	Professor, Vienna University of Technology; former President, International Research Group on Wood Protection
	Dr. Antonius Schuh	CEO GSV, former CEO, Sequenom Inc.
	Dr. Wolfgang Meindl	Former owner and CEO, Loba Feinchemie AG
	Dr. Christopher Prince	Former CSO and founder, Phyton Inc.
	Dr. Peter Hemken	Former VP and General Manager, DuPont Biobased Materials



# **Changing completely the Chemical Markets**

We aim to broadly replace petroleum-based chemicals by bio-chemicals and bio-materials made at significantly lower cost than petro-chemicals



#### **Chemical Process Integration Made to Work**

- Serial reaction processes with up to 5 enzyme-reactions in one pot commercial
- Serial reaction process with 10 enzyme-reactions in one pot under development
- Piloting highly integrated biomass fractionation process with US-multinational company since 2016
- Full technology industrialization for large scale commodity chemicals by 2021



### **High Cost of Petro-Chemicals from....**

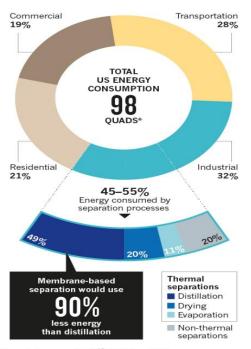
- **Product losses**
- Waste separation
- Waste disposal
- Intermediate isolation
- Intermediate transportation



#### **Chemical Separations use 16 % of US Energy**

#### CUTTING COSTS

Chemical separations account for about half of US industrial energy use and 10-15% of the nation's total energy consumption. Developing alternatives that don't use heat could make 80% of these separations 10 times more energy efficient.



- Chemical separations use 16 % of US energy
- Membranes-idea to lower separation energy
  - Needs years of R&D
  - In-between reaction steps transportation still needed
  - Chemicals still from oil



#### **Current Bio-Solutions do not Bring Cost Down**

Standard industry practice fermentation combines several steps into one living microorganism, which needs to be fed and does not tolerate too high product yields.

Therefore, high microbial loading and low product yield makes fermentation and product isolation expensive.



#### The Power of the Annikki Solution

- Start from agricultural residues
- Mild, non-destructive conditions for high purity chemicals
- Combine separate (enzymatic) reactions into one vessel → No in-between separations needed
- Fermentation for enzymes only  $\rightarrow$  1/100 of classical volume
- High yields, no byproducts
- Cost-savings by between 50 % and 80 % even over petroleumbased chemicals

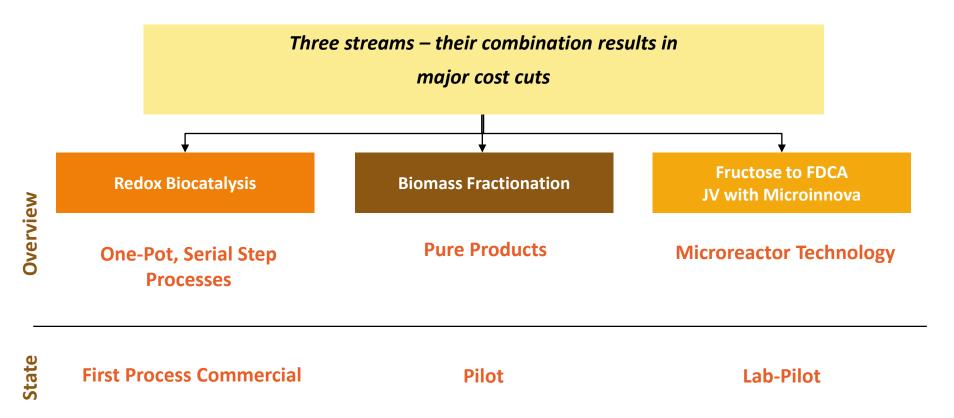


#### Market Need Addressed

- PEF as a replacement for PET bottles and fibers (\$ 100 Billion)
- Next-generation sweetener xylitol (\$ 1 Billion + high growth)
- (Chemical) cellulose, paper, rayon for fabrics (\$ 200 Billion)
- Lignin-based resins, glues (\$ 40 Billion)
- Green PU foam (\$ 40 Billion),
- Carbon fibers (\$ 4 Billion + replacement of steel in cars)
- Polyamides (\$ 50 Billion)
- Many more products from chemicals market

#### **Company Overview**





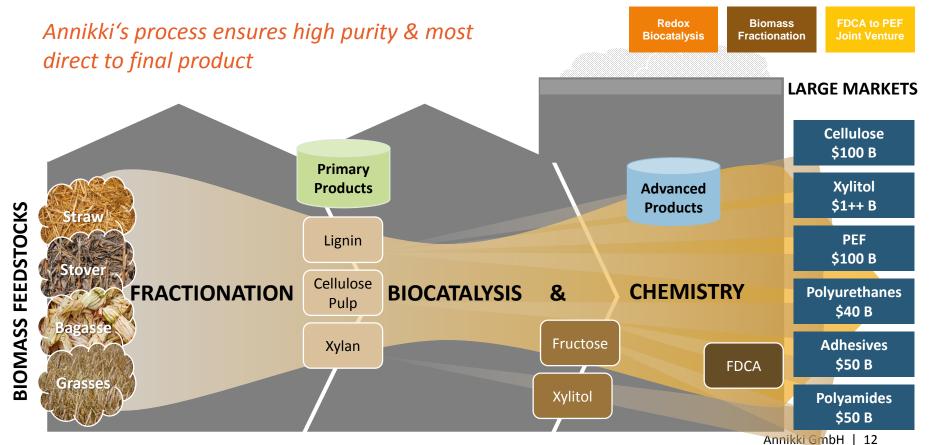


# From Straw/Stover to Pure & High-Value Products





#### **Integrated Processes Overview**





#### **Conventional Biomass Fractionation (1930 - 2010)**

Redox iocatalysis Biomass Fractionation

FDCA to PEF
Joint Venture



<u>Biomass</u>



**Product value** 

#### **Product scope**

Cellulose Pulp

**Main Product** 

Yield 40-50%

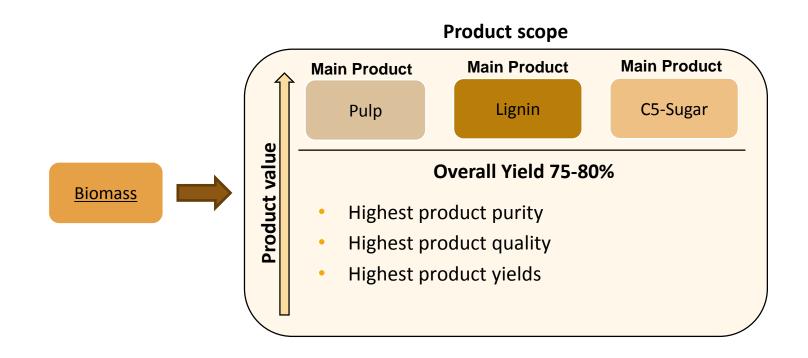
Fuel

Lignin



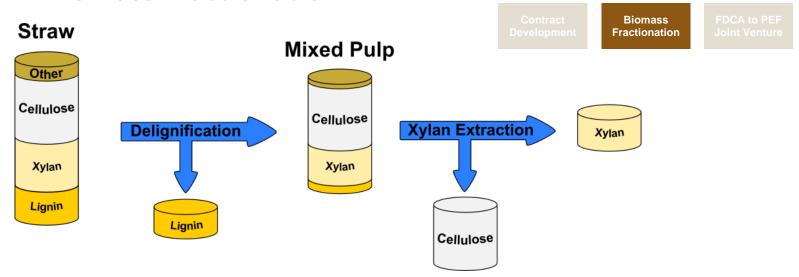
#### **Annikki Biomass Fractionation (as of now)**

Contract Development Biomass Fractionation FDCA to PEF Joint Venture





#### I. Annikki Biomass Fractionation



#### Yields <u>pure primary product</u> streams

→ Which allow direct conversion to secondary products



### **II. Direct Biocatalytic Conversion**







### No isolation of intermediates (reduces cost by 70 %)

- Traditional: "Dirty" xylan → purify xylose → Xylitol (sweetener)
- vs. **Annikki**: **Direct conversion** of pure Xylan → Xylitol



### **Product Case: Quality Xylitol, Reduced Cost**

# The Next Great Sweetener Opportunity



- As Sweet as Sucrose
- Equal Weight Basis (replacement in recipes simple)
- High Volume Applications (ice cream, jams etc.)
- Appealing Flavor Profile
- Low Glycemic Index => Recommended for diabetic diets
- Fewer calories
- Prevents dental caries



#### **Biocatalysis Processes**

#### **Highly Integrated, at Lower Cost**







- Multi-reactions, "one pot" (no intermediate isolation)
- Industrially proven
- 10 x higher concentration of product in reactor volume vs. fermentation
- Up to 1000 times less biomass than in classical fermentation



# **Straight from Xylan to Xylitol**

### **Huge Energy Savings**



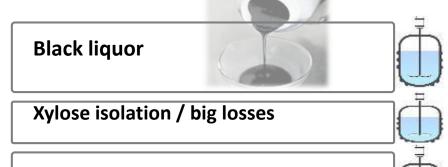


#### **Combined Reactions in One Pot**





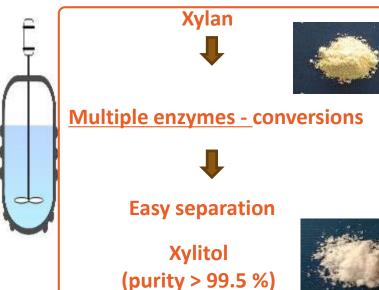




**Final purification to Xylitol** 

Harsh catalytic conversion

# **ANNIKKI 95 % yield**





# **Annikki Fractionation – Pilot Trials (kg-scale)**

# **Conceptual engineering for industrial plants**





### Annikki Fractionation - Pilot Trials, ca 100 kg

### **German pilot facility**



**Currently making** 100 kg cellulose sample to prepare upscale to 300.000 tons p.a. for multinational customer



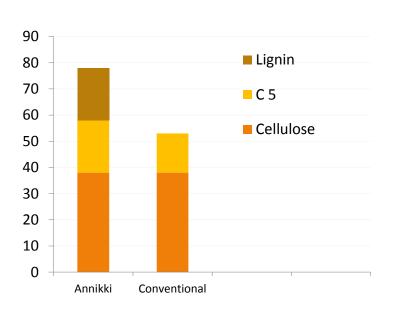
# **Comparison: Output & Joint Products from Biomass**



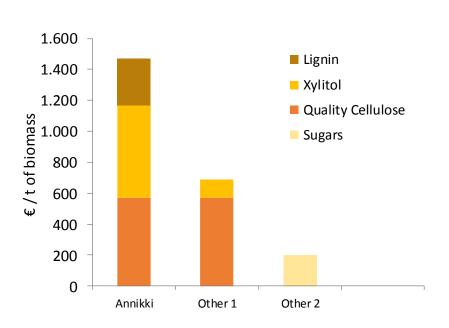


**Biomass** Fractionation

#### Yield in %



#### Products and Sales from 1 ton of straw





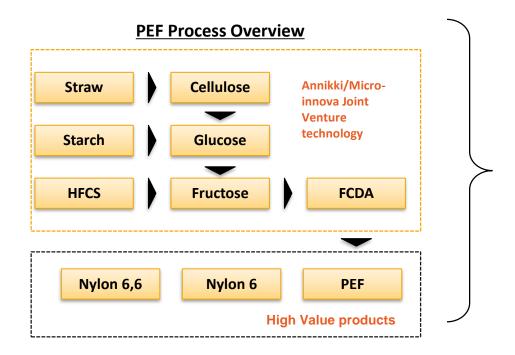
#### **FCDA Overview**







#### PEF is superior to PET and will largely replace it



#### PEF advantages vs. PET

- **10x** better oxygen barrier
- 2x better water barrier
- 4x better carbon dioxide barrier
- **1.6x** stronger material



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