# Österreichische Photovoltaik Fachtagung



# The French PV Market, Focus on BIPV and environmental impacts



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# Summary

#### French PV market

✓ Characteristics and evolution

## French FITs for grid-tied PV

- ✓ Orientations and evolution
- ✓ BIPV (Bulding Integrated PV)

## Examples of BIPV solutions

✓ According to the French legal definition

## Environmental impacts of PV systems

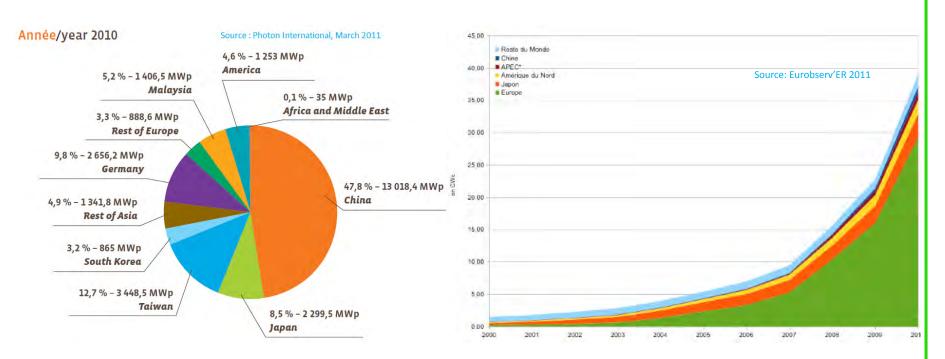
- Critical environmental parameters
- ✓ Some results of Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) for BIPV systems





## French PV market – Characteristics and evolution (1/4)

A quick look at the global market: PV production and installation



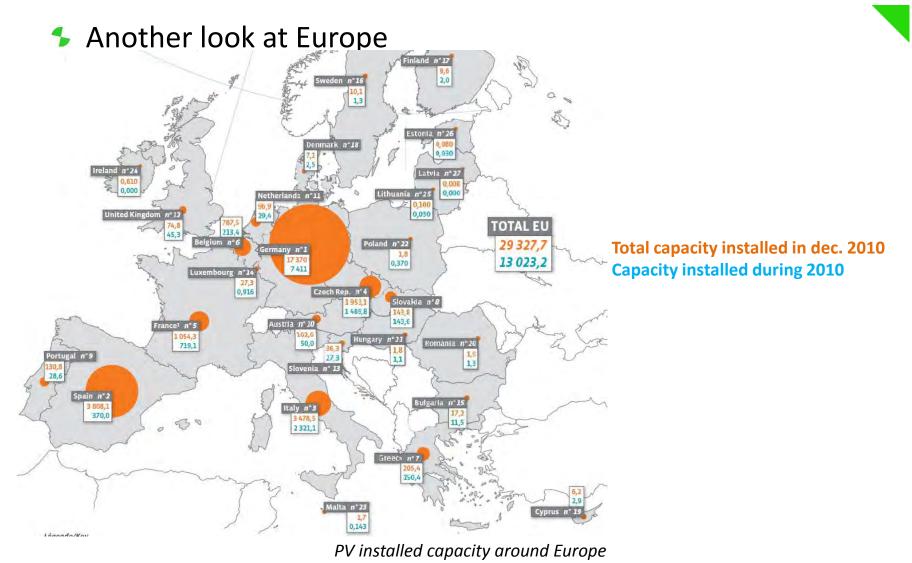
PV cells production around the world

PV installed capacity around the world (GWp)





# French PV market – Characteristics and evolution (2/4)

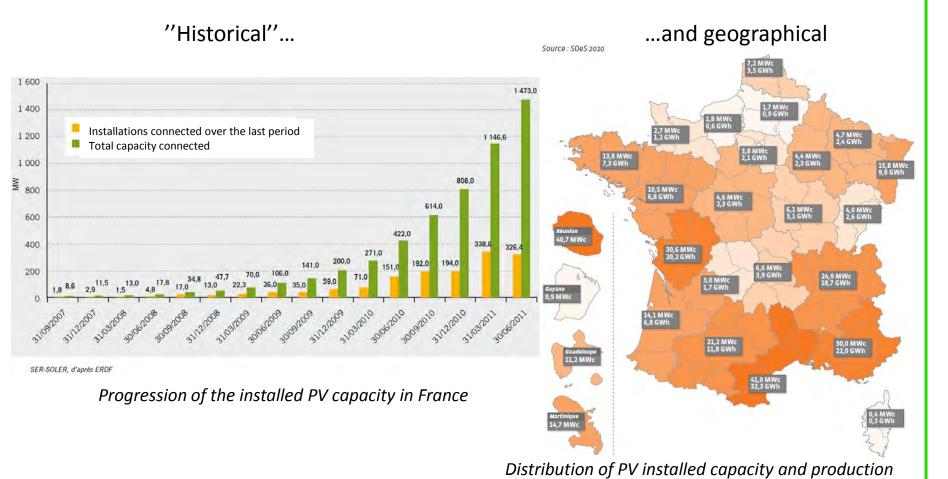






# French PV market – Characteristics and evolution (3/4)

## A focus on France:







among French regions (03/30/2011)

# French PV market – Characteristics and evolution (4/4)

Explanation on the characteristics of this progression:

"Historical"...

✓ Competitive FITs (feed-in tariffs), since July 2006 (until Dec. 2010)

#### In continental France:

- 0,30€/kWh for any PV installation
- + 0,25€/kWh bonus for BIPV

### In overseas departments:

- 0,40€/kWh for any PV installation
- + 0,15€/kWh bonus for BIPV
- ✓ Tariffs yearly revised according to national indexes for the cost of work and of industrial production

## ...and geographical

DÉPARTEMENT	RÉGION	COEFFICIENT R
Gard	Languedoc-Roussillon	1
Hérault	Languedoc-Roussillon	1
Alpes-de-Haute-Provence	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	1
Hautes-Alpes	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	1
Alpes-Maritimes	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	1
Bouches-du-Rhône	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	1
Var	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	1
Vaucluse	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	1
Drôme	Rhône-Alpes	1,01
Aveyron	Midi-Pyrénées	1,02
Aude	Languedoc-Roussillon	1,03
Pyrénées-Orientales	Languedoc-Roussillon	1,03
Tarn	Midi-Pyrénées	1,03
Tarn-et-Garonne	Midi-Pyrénées	1,03
Ardèche	Rhône-Alpes	1,03
Lot-et-Garonne	Aquitaine	1,04
Gers	Midi-Pyrénées	1,04
Gironde	Aquitaine	1,05
Lozère	Languedoc-Roussillon	1,05
Ariège	Midi-Pyrénées	1,05
Haute-Garonne	Midi-Pyrénées	1,05
Lot	Midi-Pyrénées	1,05
Charente-Maritime	Poitou-Charentes	1,05
Dordogne	Aquitaine	1,06
Landes	Aquitaine	1,06
Indre	Centre	1,06

Regional factors for FITs in France (14/01/2010)





# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (1/10)

- A strong financial incentive towards BIPV
- Legal definition of BIPV in 2006:
  - « ... when the equipments for the production of PV power also provide a technical or architectural function that is essential to the act of construction. These equipments must belong to the exhaustive following list:
    - roofs, slates or tiles industrially designed with or without mounting;
    - sunshades (awnings);
    - window sills;

trans énero

- glass roofs without rear protection;
- window, balcony or terrace balustrade;





# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (2/10)

## Why BIPV ?

- ✓ Because PV is good for the environment!
- Positive impact on the electric network (closer to consumers)
- ✓ Creation of local industry and employment
- ✓ No competition with agricultural lands
- ✓ Differentiation with simplified BIPV or superimposed on architectural and esthetic points of view: a strength for export on an otherwise highly competitive PV market

Category	Residential BIPV	Non residential BIPV	Simplified BIPV	Ground-mounted PV
Impact on electricity taxes (CSPE, in €/MWh produced)	-	-	+	++
Cost of CO2 emissions saved (€/tCO2 saved)	-	-	+	++
Impact on the electric network	++	++	+	-
Value added and national employment	++	++	+	-
	++	++	+	+
Leverage for export	BIPV differentiation	BIPV differentiation	Least BIPV differentiation	Building of "national champions" (trackers?)

Relative relevance of different categories with regards to the objectives aimed by the public support to the PV field (Charpin-Trink parliamentary report, 17/02/2011)

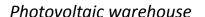




# French FITs for grid-tied PV – *Orientations and evolution (3/10)*

- A (very) large definition of BIPV that led to (some) « abuses »... or great projects?
  - ✓ No size limitation
  - ✓ No restriction on the type or nature of the building.





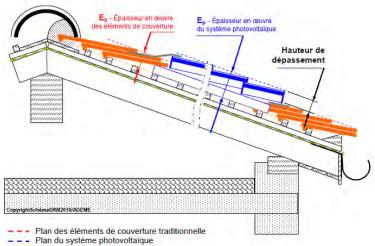


Marché Saint Charles (Perpignan, Aude) – 8.8 MWp BIPV installation



# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (4/10)

- New definition for BIPV (January 12, 2010), new eligibility criteria:
  - ✓ Building closed and covered (on all lateral faces)
  - ✓ PV system installed on a roof that provides protection to persons, animals, assets or activities
  - ✓ Size of installation ≤250 kWp
  - ✓ PV system installed in the plane of the roof
  - ✓ PV system replaces elements of the building that provide the « closed and covered » and provide the function of watertightness
  - Removal of a module or film cannot be done without damage to the function of watertightness provided by the PV system or making the building improper for its use
  - ✓ For rigid modules: must be the main element for the watertighness of the system
  - ✓ For flexible films: assembling is done at plant or on site. If on site, it must be the object of a unique works contract
  - ✓ Distance between modules plane and roof plane : ≤ 60mm before 01/01/2012 ≤20mm after 01/01/2012







# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (5/10)

## The definition of a « simplified BIPV »:

- ✓ PV system installed on a roof that provides protection to persons, animals, assets or activities
- ✓ PV system installed parallel to the plane of the roof (without distance restriction between module and roof)
- ✓ PV system replaces elements of the building that provide the « closed and covered » and provide the function of watertightness
- ✓ Removal of a module or film do not damage to the function of watertightness provided by the PV system





# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (6/10)

## Creation of a BIPV Products Assessment Committee (CEIAB)

✓ Presided by the French Department of Energy and Climate, managed by the ADEME (Energy Management and Environment Agency) and CSTB (Scientific and Technical Center for Construction)





- ✓ In charge of reviewing the products submitted to characterize products between « BIPV », « simplified BIPV », or « non BIPV » (www.ceiab-pv.fr)
- Indicative database for PV project developers

Liste des systèmes photovoltaïques examinés par le CEIAB et répondant aux critères techniques d'Intégration Au Báti (IAB) en toiture de l'amèté tanfaire du 4 Mars 2011		Couverture Totale	Couverture Partielle													
Dénomination commerciale	Société demandeur	Référence CEIAB	Principe du système	Photo mise en œuvre		Eligibilité	Arthones	Tyles paths	Tules à paretuplat à embollement	Tules à mini	Turke 'tarse'	Paques or dilless Tong-coners	Paques nemurles	EMARGUES DU COMTE		
SIPV	ABCD INTER.	0157-P	The state of the s	AT	IAB	2011	IAB	IAB	IAB	IAB	IAB	IAB	IAB	Sous réserve de mettre en œuvre un abergement en rive		
UNIVERSEL	NATIONAL	010/4			IAD	170	100	2012			IAB	IAB	IAB			de tête de type s besace a (ou bavette)
ALEO	ALEO	0079-P				2011			IAB	IAB	IAB					
SOLRIF	SOLAR	0079-P	E-MI			2012			IAB	IAB	IAB					
AUVERS'	AUVERSUN	0072-P		11		2011		IAB	IAB	IAB	IAB					
TYLE	As (allesty)	100/24						2012				IAB	IAB			
SOL25I	AIXIA	0045-P	1			2011			IAB	IAB	IAB					
SULZSI	AMA	0045-F				2012	2		IAB	IAB	IAB					
FAG	CAPTELIA	0014-P				2011			IAB							
FAG	CAPTELIA	00/4-P				2012			IAB							
		- en rouge avec	elon les hypothèses d'ép la mention IAB, le doma , le domane d'emplos où	passeur moyenne en œuvr ine d'emploi où le système	répond aux exigenc	es techniques	s prévue	s par l'a	měté du	4 Mars	2011 :					







# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (7/10)

- December 2010 March 2011: a serious blow to the PV field in France
  - ✓ Moratorium on all PV projects on-going grid connection requests
  - ✓ Main reason:
    - ✓ Too many projects! Waiting list higher than French Gov. target for 2020 (5,4 GWp).
  - ✓ Objectives:
    - > Define a new « balance » for FIT to halt the creation of a « PV bubble »
    - > Take the necessary time to concert all the interested parties
    - Find a balance between ecological determination and protection of consumers who would have undergone a rise of elecricity prices



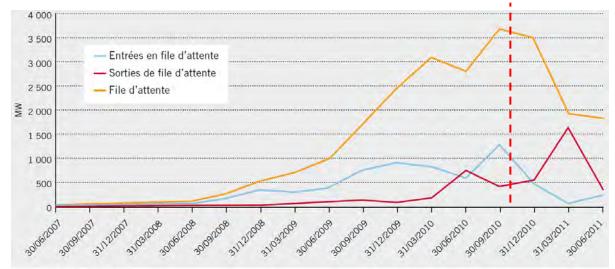




# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (8/10)

- The outcomes of a harsh period (the « PV moratorium »)
  - ✓ New, lower FITs
  - ✓ FITs granted up to 100 kWp systems and for BIPV only
  - ✓ New procedures for projects over 100 kWp: open tendering, with economic, innovation and environmental criteria (LCA), and with limitation of the yearly installed capacity:
    - ✓ For system between 100-250kWp : 30 MWp every 3 months
    - ✓ For PV system >250kWp : 180 MWp per year
  - ✓ → A sudden drop of connection requests...

#### PV moratorium









# French FITs for grid-tied PV – Orientations and evolution (9/10)

## Evolution of the FITs (projects below 100 kWp):

✓ New definition of types of buildings

FIT after moratorium (March 2011)

✓ Size of installation

#### FIT before moratorium

Any type of installation	0,30 €/kWh	
BIPV	0,55 €/kWh	

BIPV 0,55 €/kWh

✓ BIPV foreseen as the main market in France for the coming years

Type of building		Power range	FIT between 07/01/2011 an		
			09/30/2011		
	BIPV	0-9 kWp	0,4255 €/kWh		
Residential	DIPV	9-36 kWp	0,3723 €/kWh		
Residential	Simplified	0-36 kWp	0,2746 €/kWh		
	BIPV	36-100 kWp	0,2609 €/kWh		
Buildings	RIPV	0-9 kWp	0,3674 €/kWh		
dedicated to		9-36 kWp	0,3674 €/kWh		
health or	Simplified	0-36 kWp	0,2746 €/kWh		
education	BIPV	36-100 kWp	0,2609 €/kWh		
Other water was	BIPV	0-9 kWp	0,3185 €/kWh		
Other types	Simplified	0-36 kWp	0,2746 €/kWh		
of buildings	BIPV	36-100 kWp	0,2609 €/kWh		
Any other ty installation	pe of	0-12 MWp	0,11688 €/kWh		

✓ FITs are revalued every trimester according to the amount (in total peak power) of projects registered during the previous term (revaluation only on decline), with the NREAP objective as upper limit (5 400 MWp in 2020)





# French FITs for grid-tie PV – *Orientations and evolution (10/10)*

## Creation of a label: AQPV (PV Quality Alliance)

✓ Collective mark created on 07/20/2011 by the French Ministries of Environment and of Industry



- ✓ 2 labels: « module assembled in France » and « semi-conductor made in France »
- ✓ Objective:
  - promote French PV industrials on the French market
  - improve confidence of relationships between PV buyers and sellers
  - promote cleaner modules
- Seal of approval given to a PV module (not a producer)
- Certification (initial) audit + annual audit
- √ 4 product label categories (1-4 stars)
  - ★ LCA in progress + recycling commitment
  - \*\* Same as above, + customer service standards
- \*\*\* Same as above, + quality and traceability standards (ISO 9001-type)
- \*\*\* Same as above, + resistance tests (heat, water, fire)







# Examples of BIPV solutions – According to legal definition (1/5)

#### BIPV: Substitution PV slates or tiles

- ✓ Watertightness by overlapping laterally and in the slope direction.
- ✓ Roof boarding shield (textile type) for condensation



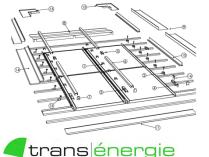
Solar Century C21e

Sunland 21 Sunny Home





**Dupont Gevity** 



Tuiles et éléments d'étanchéité du champ \* :

(1) (3) CAVALIER (10) ABERGEMENT L

① 3 CAVALIER
② 4 CAVALIER ABERGEMENT
⑤ MANCHON
⑥ PROFIL ETANCHE

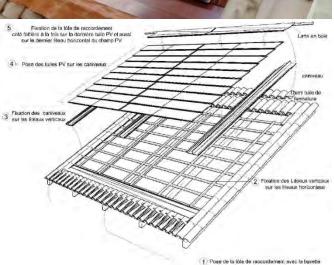
PROFIL ETANCHE
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 ABERGEMENT LATERAL

ABERGEMENT LATERAL FINITION:
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 ETANCHEITE DE COIN GAUCHE
 ABERGEMENT LATERAL VOLIGE
 PATTE ABERGEMENT VOLIGE

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# Examples of BIPV solutions – According to legal definition (2/5)

## BIPV: Laminate module with specific frame (such as Solrif® mounting)

✓ Watertightness by overlapping laterally (overlapping bar, see picture up left) and in the slope direction (EPDM joint)

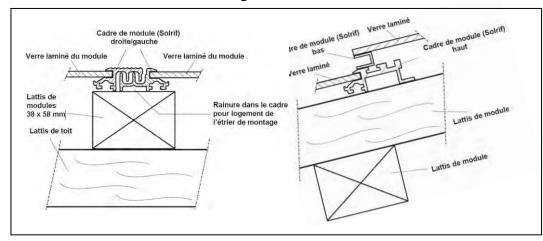
- ✓ Specific Solrif® frame (SCHWEIZER metalbau AG)
- ✓ Roof boarding shield (textile type) for condensation



Laminate modules roof with Solrif mounting

Schweizer Solrif® aluminum frame (Photowatt®)

#### Watertightness







# Examples of BIPV solutions – According to legal definition (3/5)

## BIPV: Watertightness membranes

- ✓ PV film mounted at plant or on site
- ✓ Synthetic, asphaltic (bitumen) or natural (rubber)
- ✓ Horizontal (0-3°) roofs



Derbisolar® by Derbigum



Soprasolar® process



Solar Roof® process

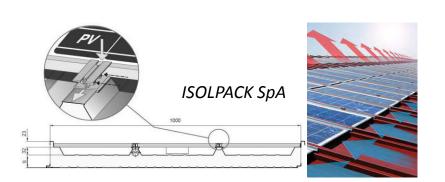






# Examples of BIPV solutions – According to legal definition (4/5)

Simplified BIPV: Framed modules mounted on metal structure requiring a watertightness complement





Intersol







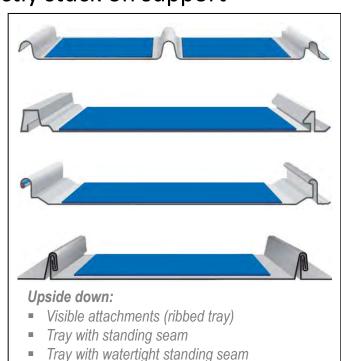
3i Plus SIT®

# Examples of BIPV solutions – According to legal definition (5/5)

Simplified BIPV: Laminate module directly stuck on support













# Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 1/8

- Environmental impacts given by Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) projects of PV systems: ESPACE projects
  - ✓ LCA: an internationally acknowledged standardized method (ISO 14 040 and following)

Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework

- ✓ A cradle-to-grave approach, with comparable hypothesis and results
- ✓ ESPACE projects: environmental impacts of PV systems by their LCA
  - co-financed by ADEME (French Environment and Energy Management Agency) since 2008
  - carried out with 4 partners including Transénergie:











Results available on <u>www.espace-PV.com</u>





# Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 2/8

- ESPACE projects: two different types of systems analyzed
  - ✓ Individual (3 kWp) rooftop PV systems Functional unit:
    - « The kWh of electricity produced by a 3kWp PV installation, considering 1  $440 \text{ kWh/m}^2$ .yr of irradiation on an inclined plane ( $30^\circ$ ) and 30 years of life expectancy. »



✓ Large-scale (5 MWp) ground-mounted PV systems

« The kWh of electricity produced by a 5MWp ground-mounted PV installation, considering 1 440 kWh/ $m^2$ .yr of irradiation on an inclined plane (30°) and 30 years of life expectancy. »



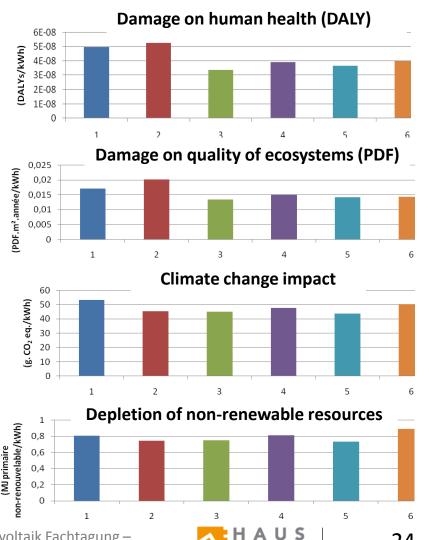


# Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 3/8

## Cells technology comparison: a minor influence

	Characteristics							
T	echnology	System efficiency (η) (%)	Peak power	Orientation of the system	Type of installation			
1	a-Si	6.5						
2	CdTe	7.6		30° tilt and				
3	CIS	10.7	2 1/1/1	South	superimposed			
4	mc-Si	13.2	3 kW <sub>p</sub>	orientation	superimposeu			
5	ribbon-Si	12.0		Orientation				
6	sc-Si	14.0						

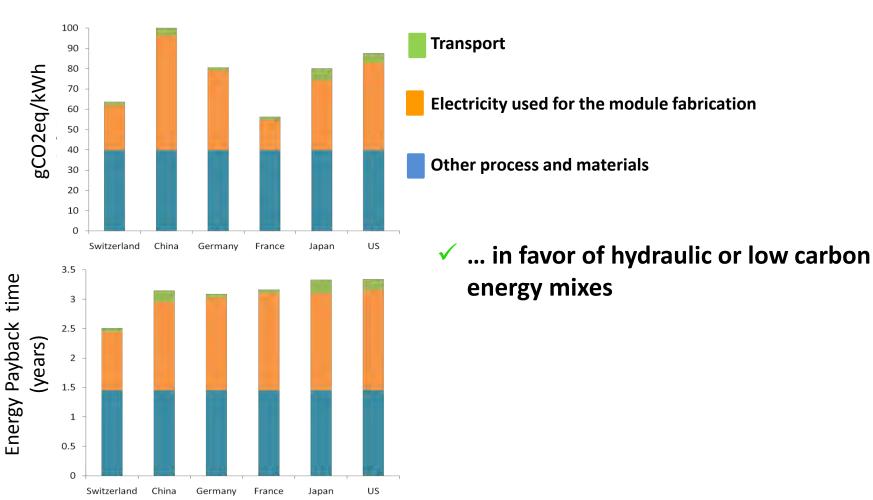
Technology		Type of module	Energy mix used for the fabrication of modules	Installation location	Annual irradiation in the plane of the modules	
1	a-Si					
2	CdTe		Average of			
3	CIS	framed	European	Lyon,	1440	
4	mc-Si	Hailleu	market	France	kWh/m²	
5	ribbon-Si		market			
6	sc-Si					





# Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 4/8

Energy mix for modules production: a critical parameter...

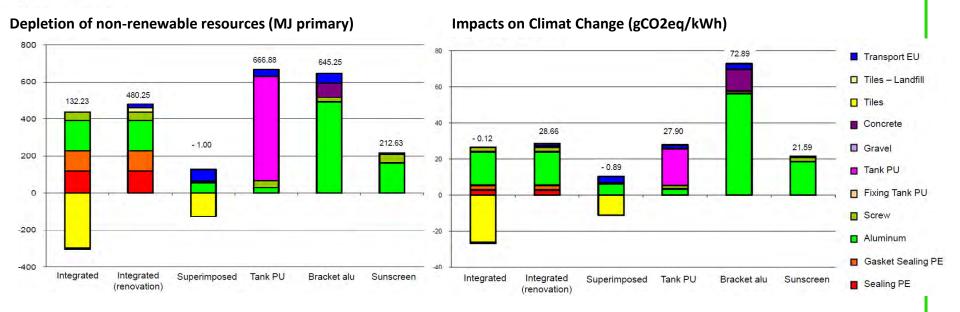






# Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 5/8

Type of rooftop installation: a critical parameter...



✓ ... in favor of BIPV and superimposed



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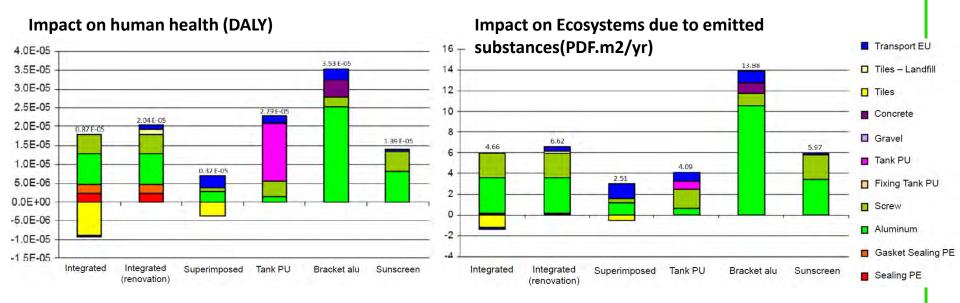
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# Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 6/8

Type of rooftop installation: a critical parameter...



✓ ... in favor of BIPV and superimposed

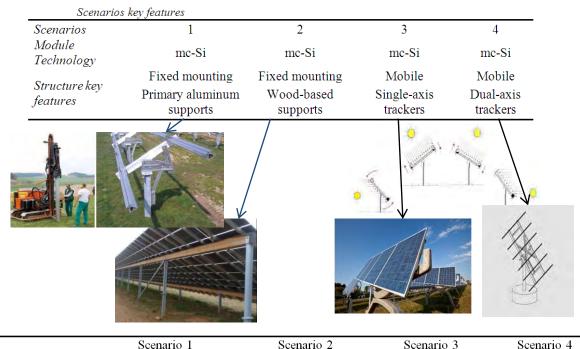






# Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 7/8

Type of support structure for ground-mounted PV systems: a critical parameter?



For a 5MWp PV system

Modules 35714 m<sup>2</sup> - value based on calculations from energy production performances Area 92 888 m<sup>2</sup> 92 888 m<sup>2</sup> 96 922 m<sup>2</sup>  $418\ 770\ m^2$ Wood, primary Galvanized steel -Galvanized steel Primary aluminum – aluminum and iron – Mass values from Mass values from Mass values from Supports Mass values from data technical sheets technical sheets technical sheets from a from a multi-MWp from a Spanish from an Italian German manufacturer

installation in France

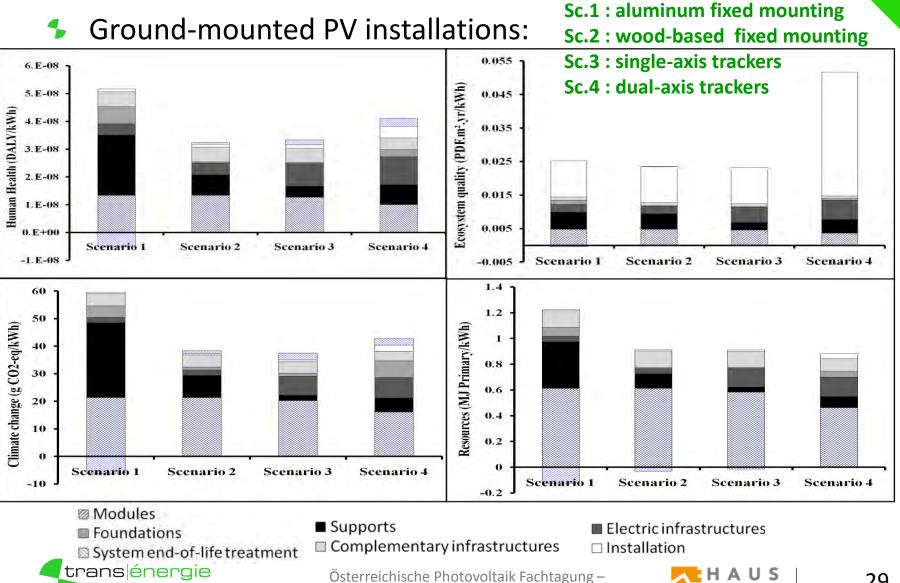




manufacturer

manufacturer

## Environmental impacts of PV systems – Critical parameters 8/8



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# Thank you for your attention

## Vielen Dank für ihre Aufmerksamkeit



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